

MRT des Schultergelenkes

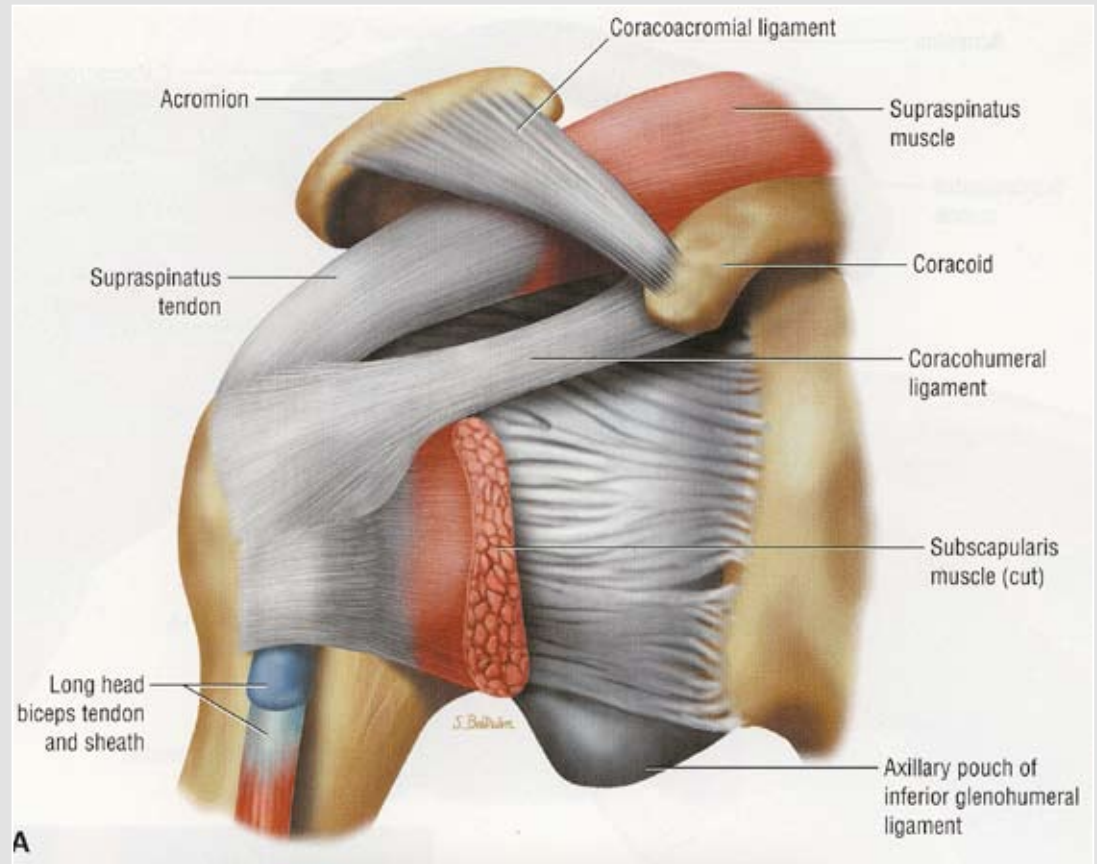
Sportverletzungen und Traumafolgen
Windhagen, 30. und 31. Mai 2008

Dr. Jonas Müller-Hübenthal

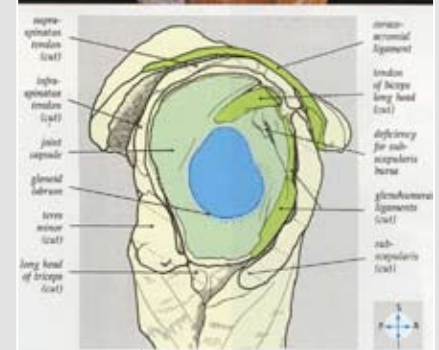
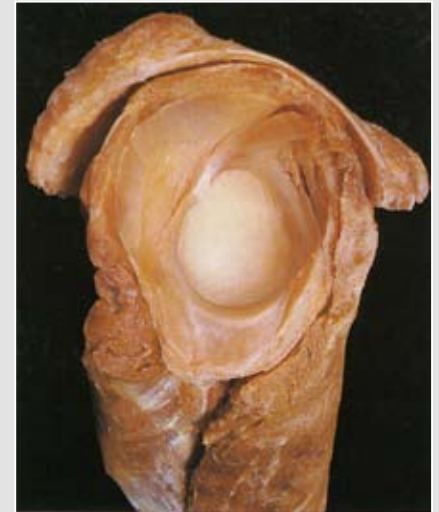
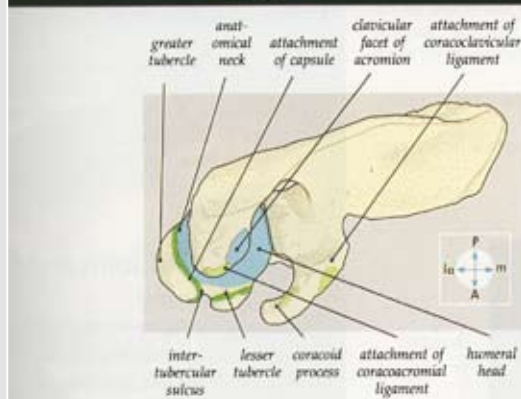
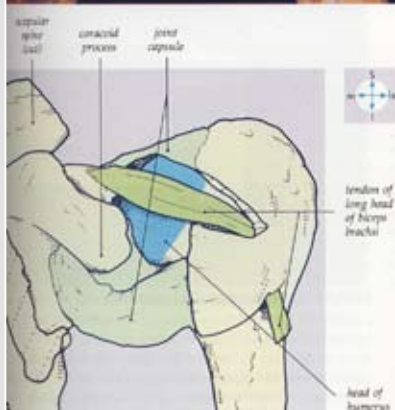
MRT des Schultergelenkes - Gliederung

- Anatomie
- Untersuchungstechnik
- Bildinterpretation
- Beispiele
 - Subacromiales Impingement und SSS Ruptur
 - AC-Gelenk
 - Luxation, Labrumläsionen und Instabilität
 - Lange Bizepsehne, Anker und Pulley
- Fallbeispiele - MRI meets Arthroskopie
- Zusammenfassung - Take Home Points

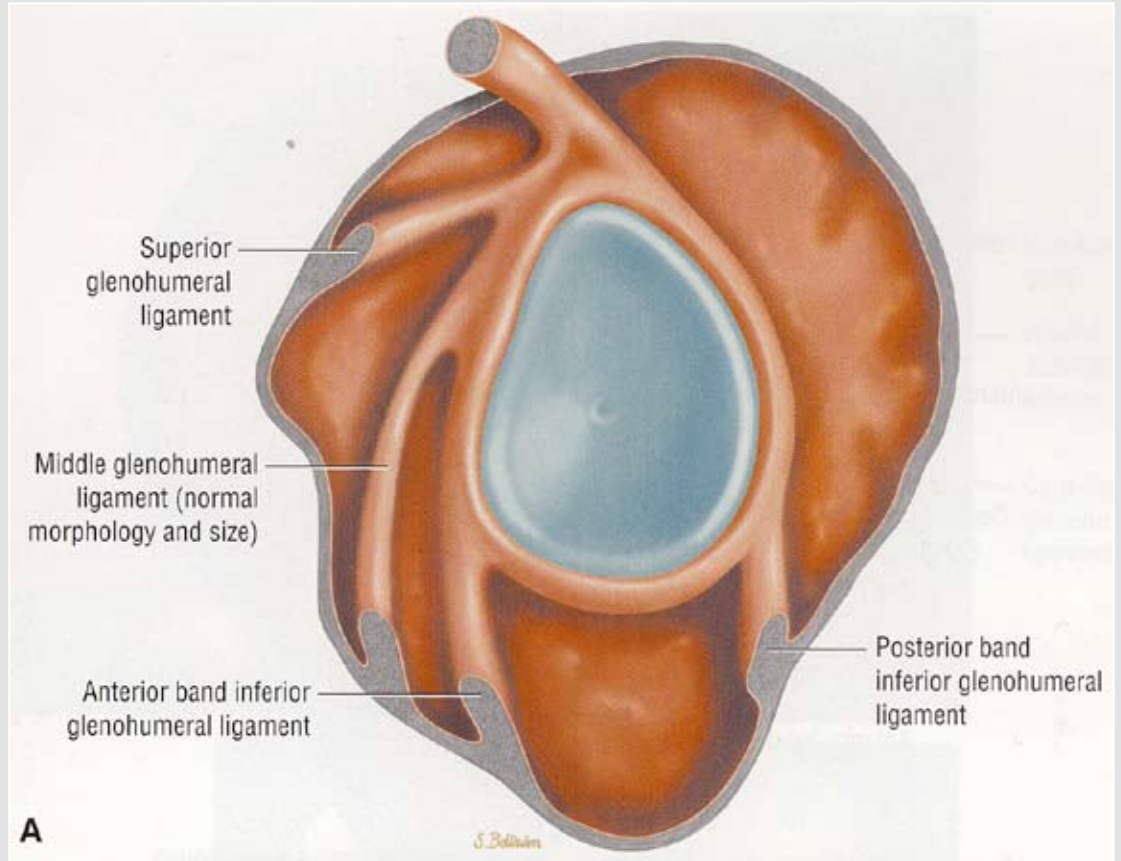
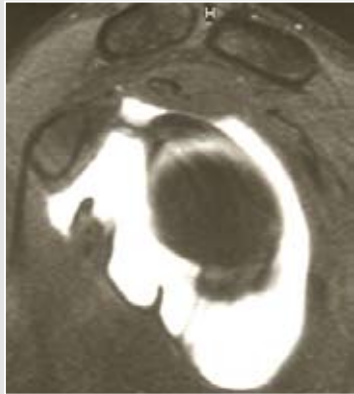
Anatomie - Ansicht von ventral



Anatomie

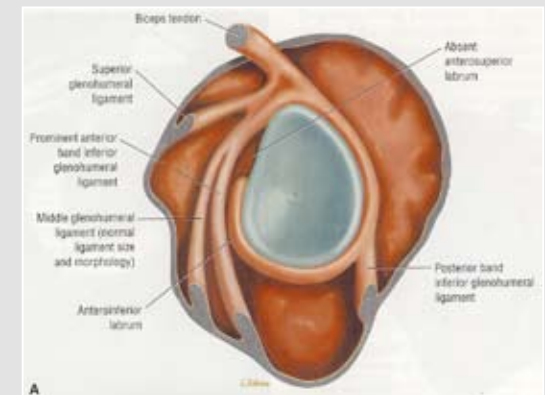
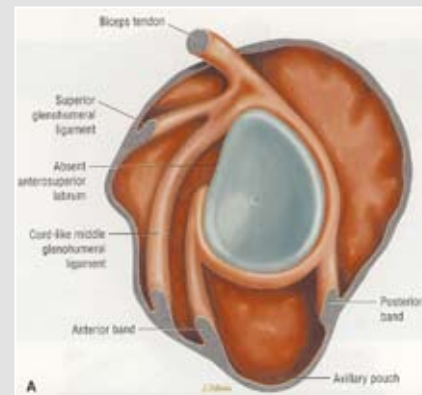
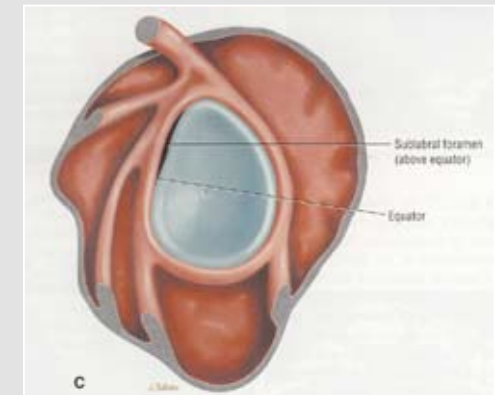
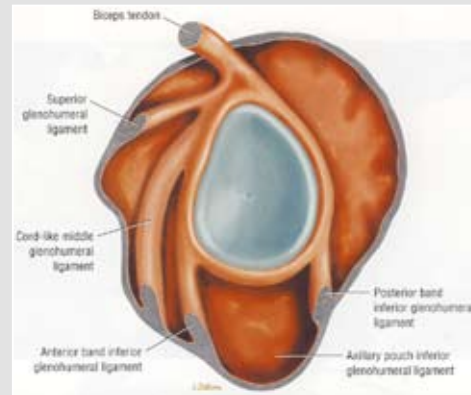


Anatomie - glenohumerale Ligamente



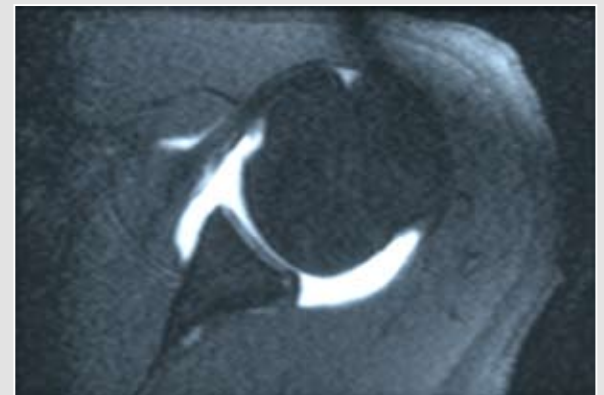
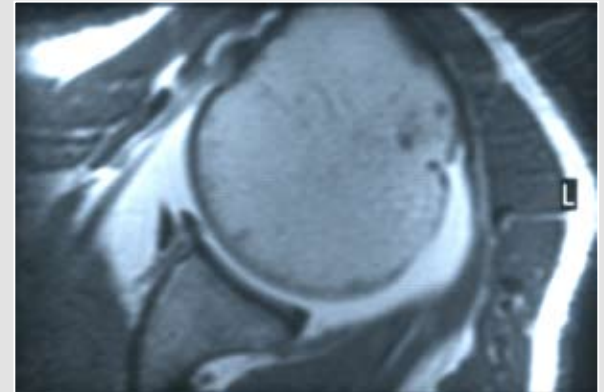
Anatomie -Labrumvariationen

- Sublabrales Foramen
- Cordlike MGL
- Buford_Komplex
- Promin. anteriores Band IGHL



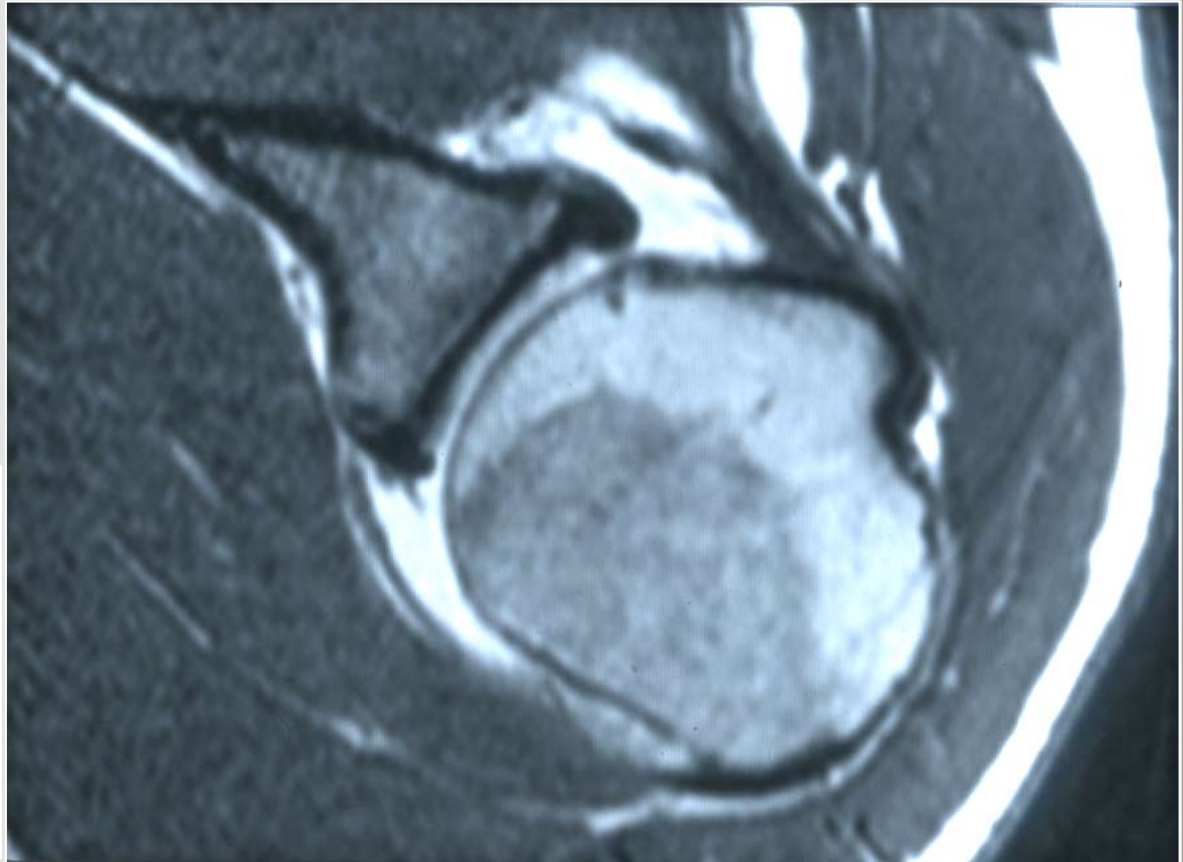
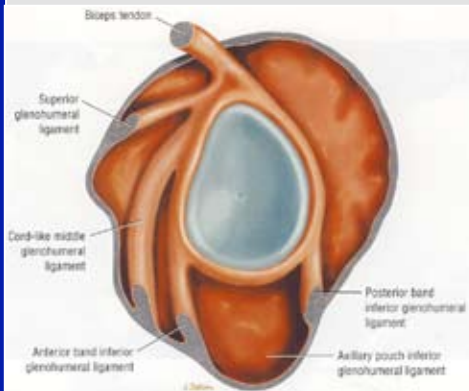
Anatomie - Labrumvariationen

- Pitfall gedoppeltes Labrum
- Aplastisches Labrum
- Sublabrales Foramen



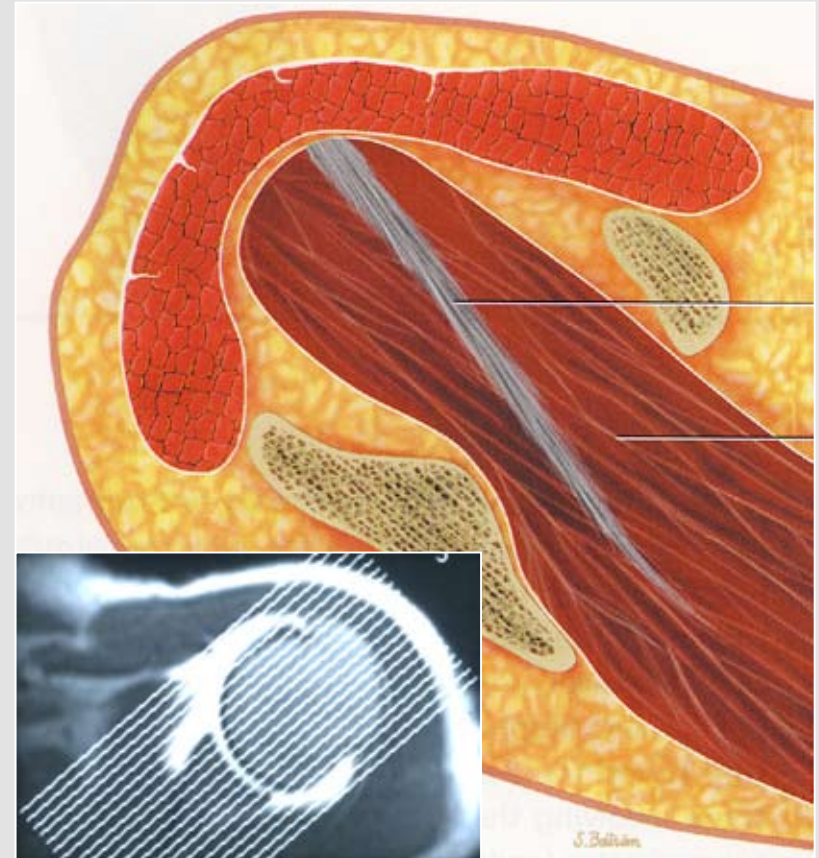
Anatomie - glenohumerale Bänder

■ Unauffälliges MGHL



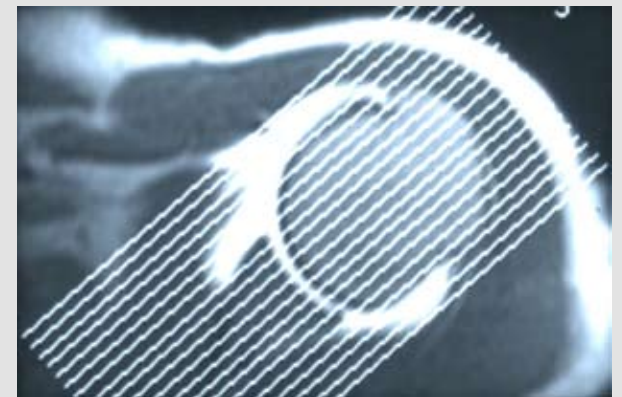
Untersuchungstechnik

- **Schultereigene Anatomie:**
Referenzebene Glenoid
- **Hilfsebene:** Planung der paracor. Sequenz parallel zum Supraspinatussehnenverlauf



Untersuchungstechnik

- Planung der axialen und parasagittalen Ebene senkrecht zur Glenoidebene



Untersuchungstechnik - Sequenzen

- paracor T1 TSE
- Paracor PD SPIR
- Parasag T2 TSE
- Ax 3D WATS



Untersuchungstechnik - Sequenzen

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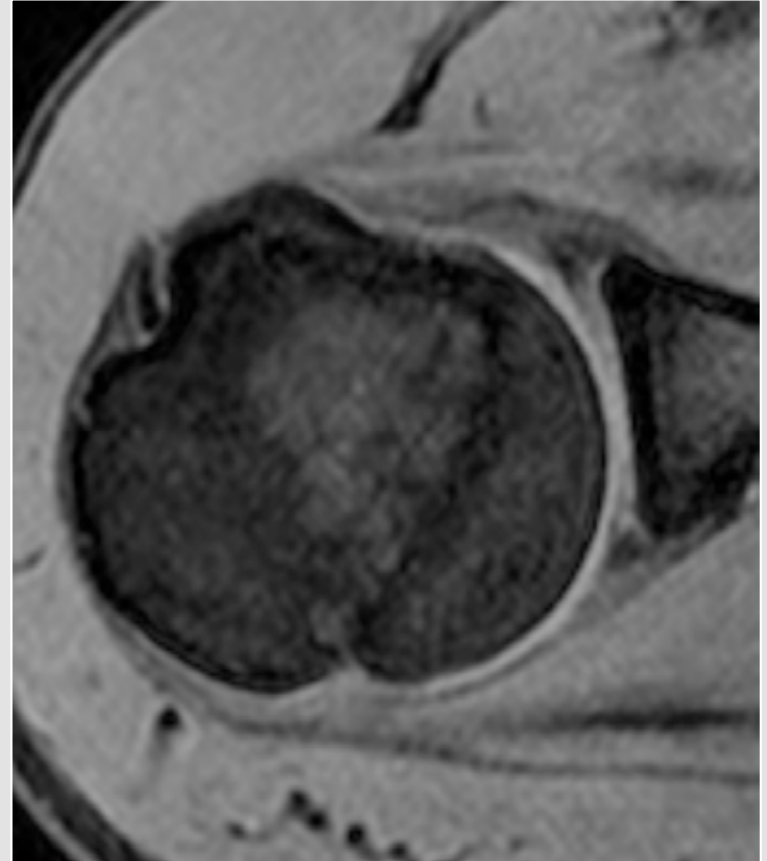
Untersuchungstechnik - Sequenzen

- paracor T1 TSE
- Paracor PD SPIR
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- Ax 3D WATS

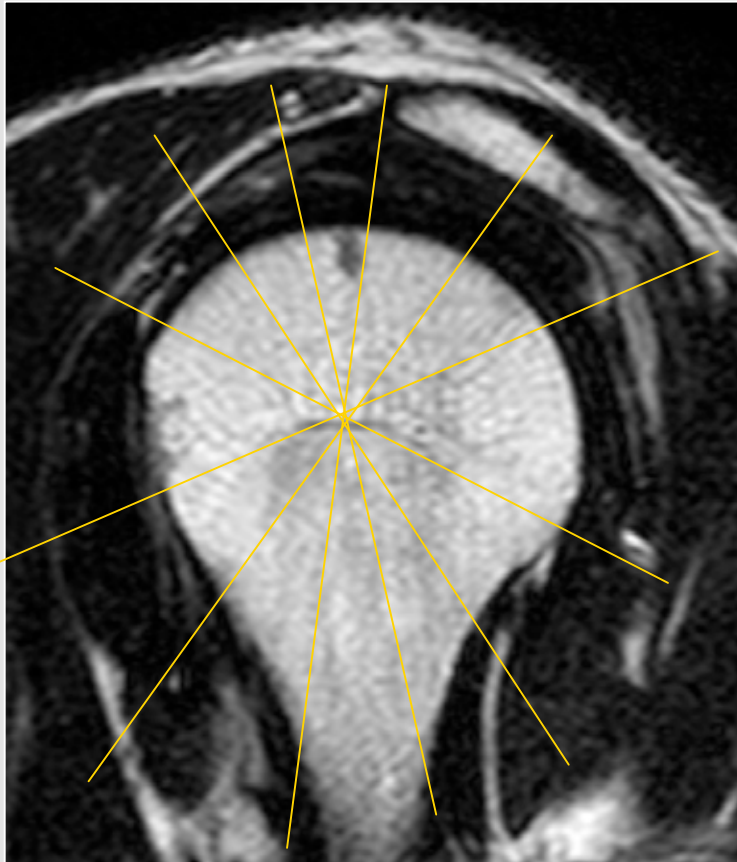


Untersuchungstechnik - Sequenzen

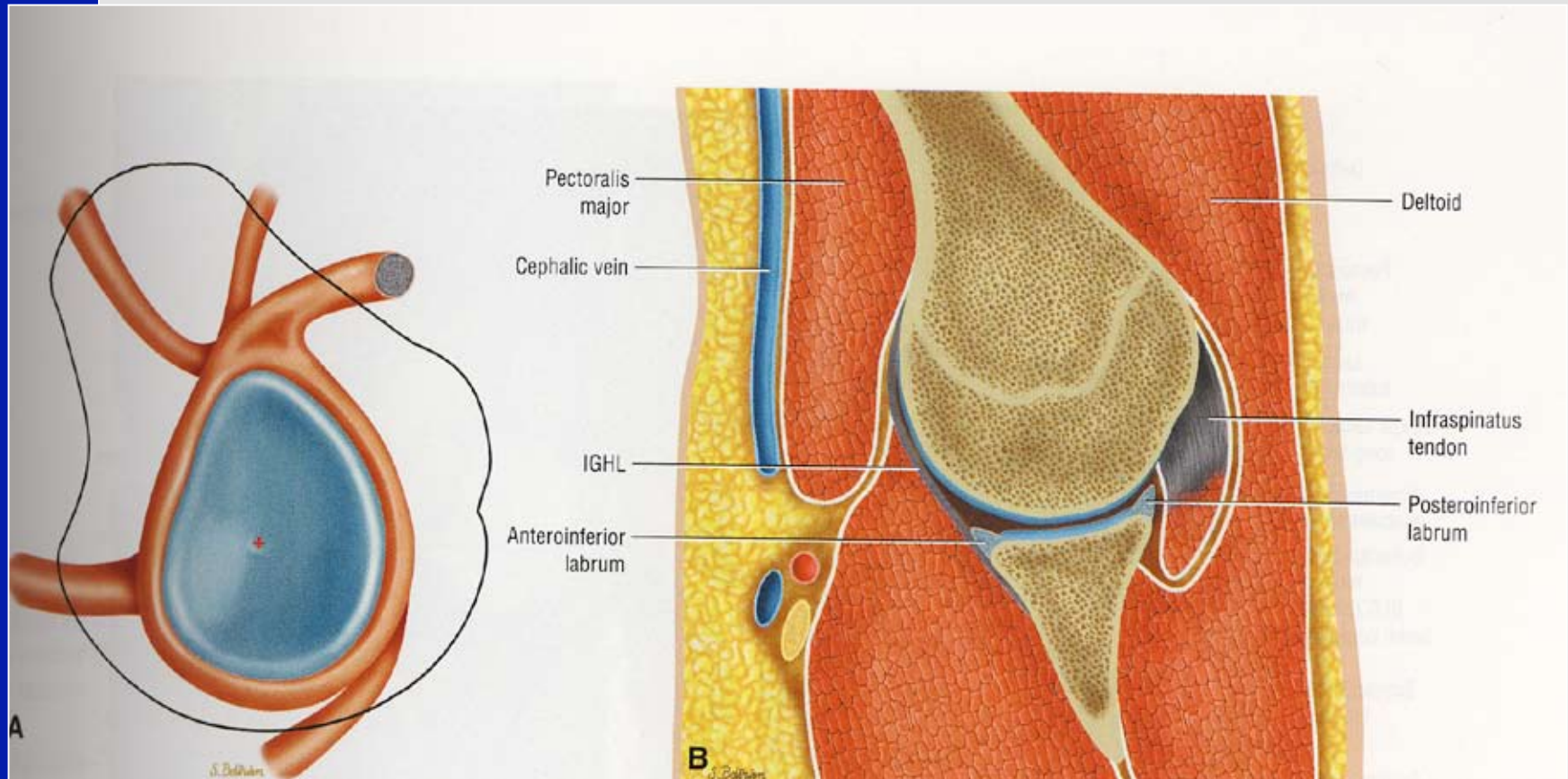
- paracor T1 TSE
- Paracor PD SPIR
- Parasag T2 TSE
- Ax 3D WATS



Radiale Sequenz

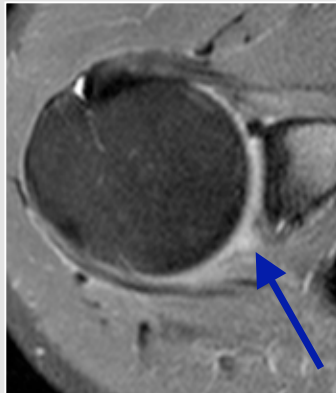


ABER-Position



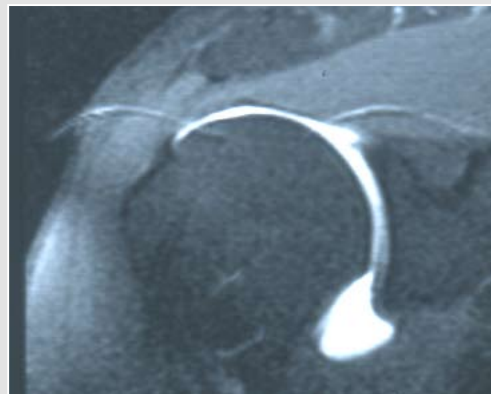
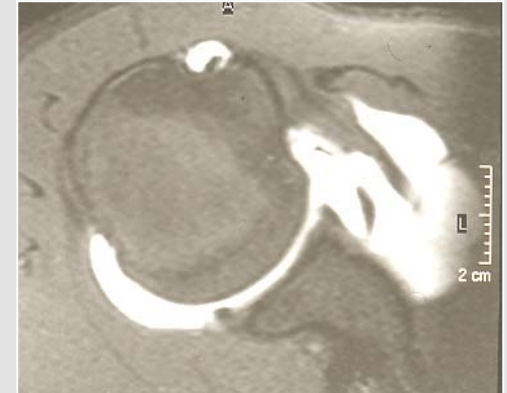
Indirekte MR-Arthrographie

- Intravenöse KM-Injektion
- Durchbewegen über 15 min
- T1 SPIR-Sequenzen axial, paracor und parasag.



Direkte MR-Arthrographie

- Wichtig: Gute Entfaltung der Gelenkkapsel
- Kein Paravasat



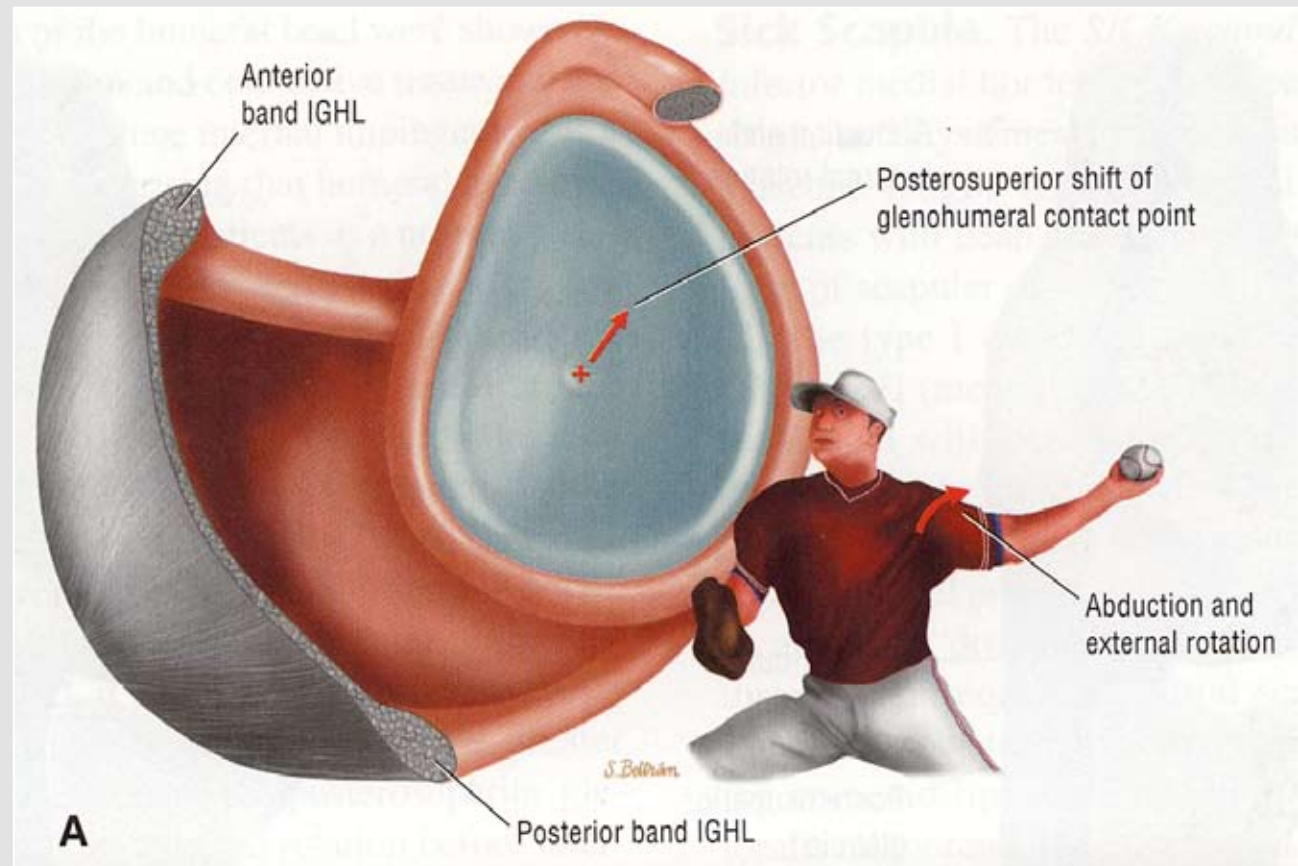
Bildinterpretation

- Verletzungsmechanismus
- was ist passiert und wann?
- Schmerzlokalisierung - wo tut's weh?
- Bildanalyse

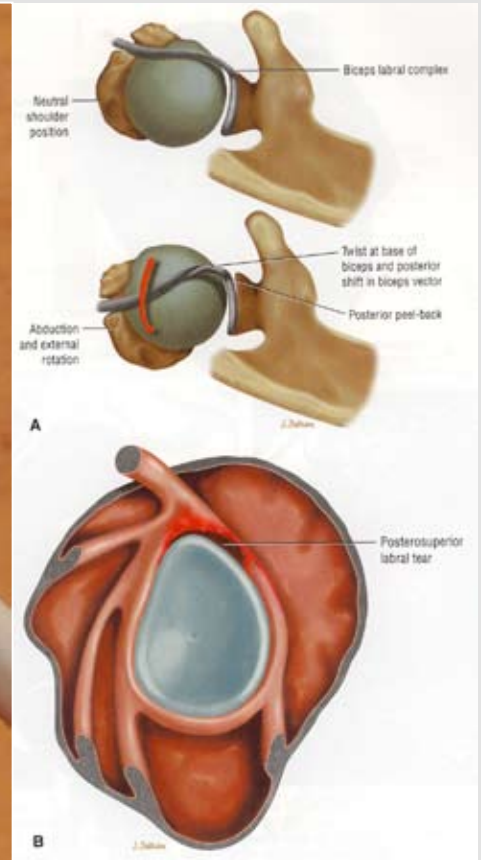
Verletzungsmechanismen

- Akutes Trauma vs. Chronisch-repetitives Trauma
- Überlastung
- Direktes Anpralltrauma vs. Verdrehtrauma
- Werfersyndrome
- Painful arc
- Instabilität?
- Atraumatisch aufgetretene Schmerzen

Hyperabduktion und Extension



Hyperabduktion und Aussenrotation



Schmerzlokalisierung

- Punktförmiger superiorer Schulterschmerz AC-Gelenk
- Lateraler Schulterschmerz mit Ausstrahlung über die Oberarmaussenseite
- Posteriorer Schulter-Sz
- Mit und ohne aktiver und/oder passiver Bewegungseinschränkung

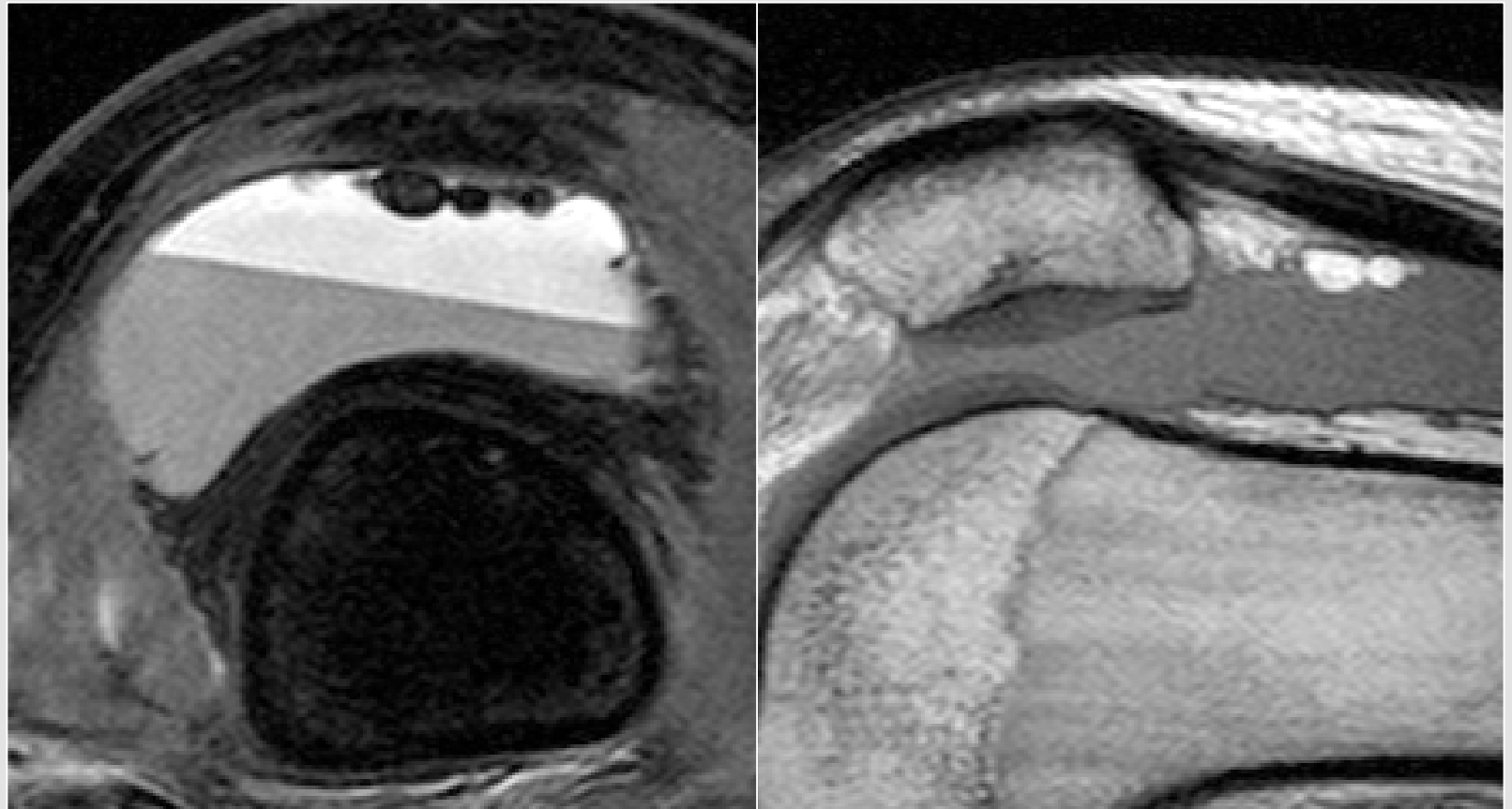
Bildanalyse

- Läsionserkennung
- Kompartiment
- Begrenzung
- Signalgebung
- Fettgehalt? Knorpelmatrix? Verkalkungen?
- KM-Aufnahme

Bildanalyse

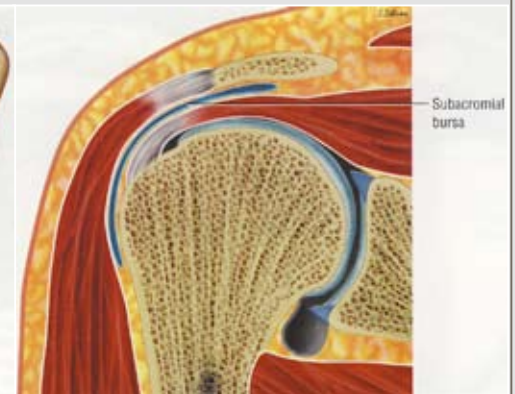
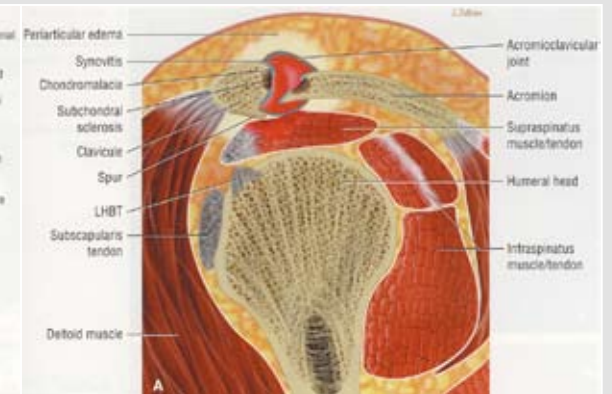
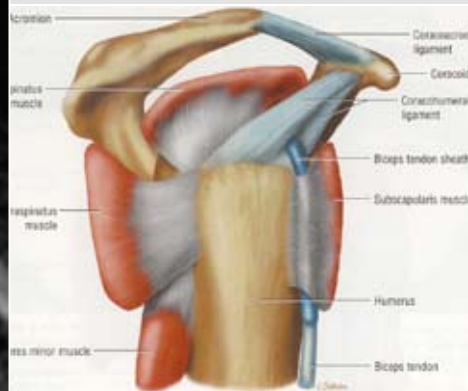
■ Fett	T1 und T2 hell, unter FS dunkel
■ Wasser	T1 dunkel T2 hell
■ Blut	T1 hell T2 dunkel
■ Kalk und Luft	schwarz in allen Sequenzen. Suszeptibilitätsartefakte

Bildinterpretation



Beispiele

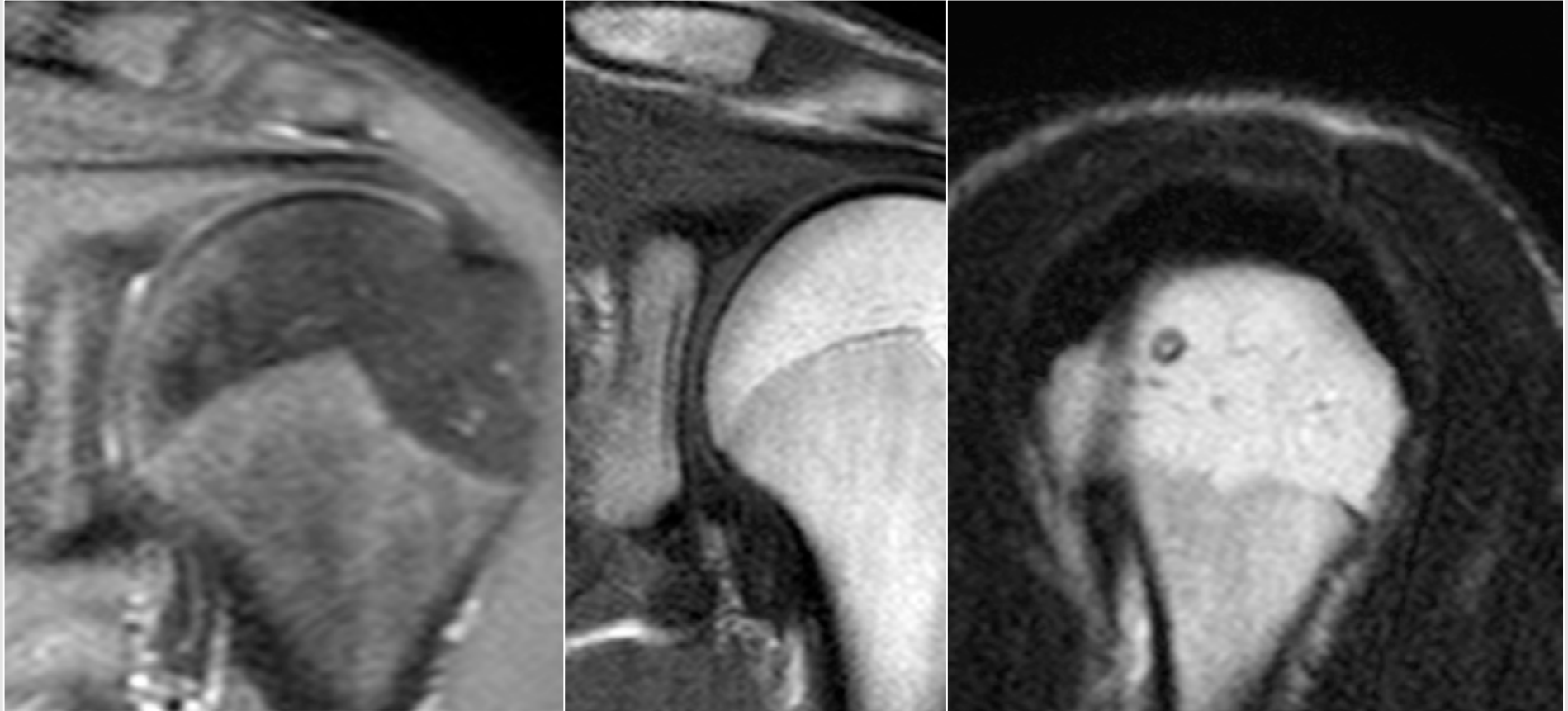
Subacromiales Impingement



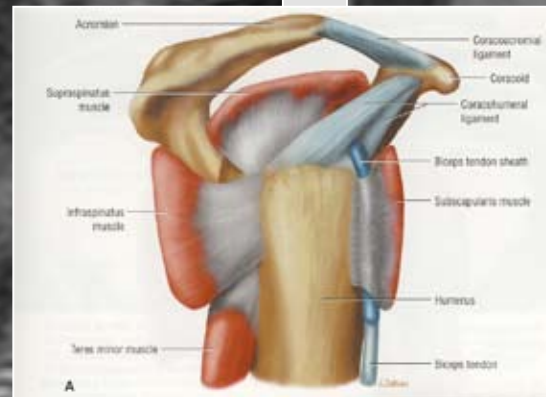
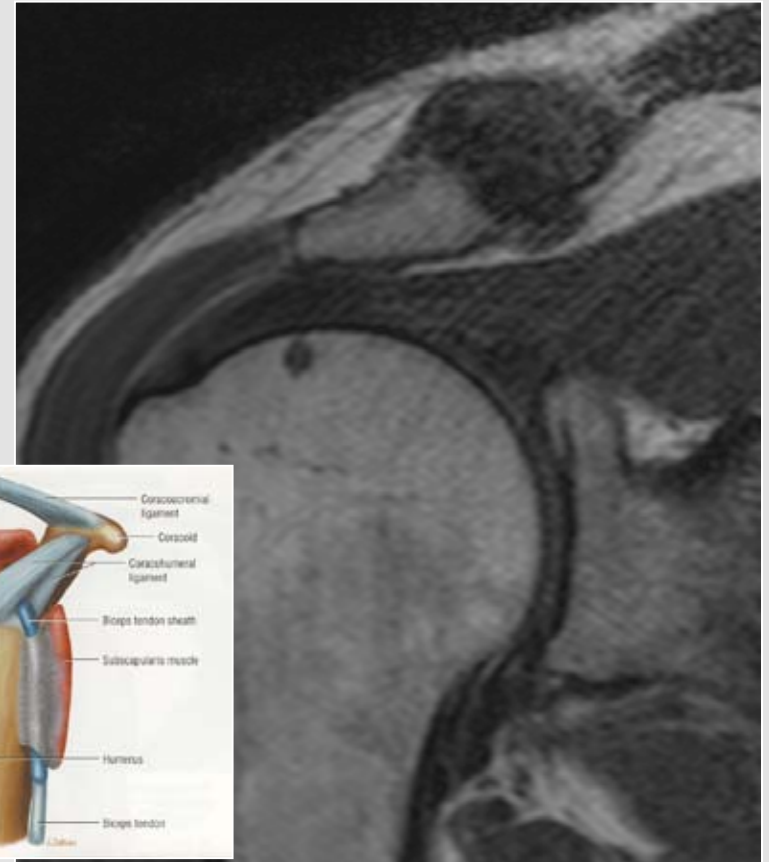
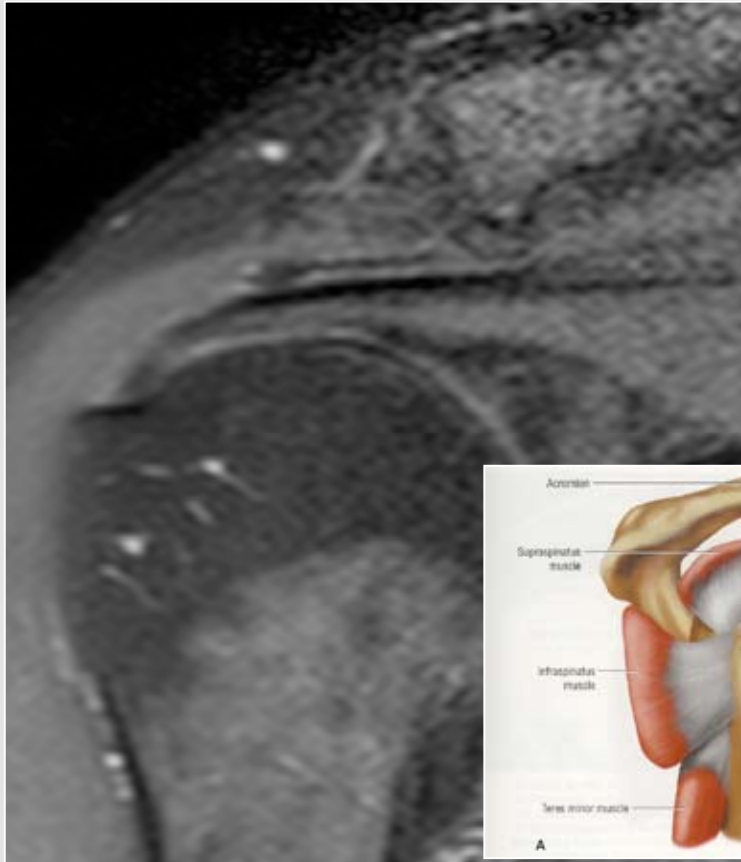
Subacromiales Impingement

- Subacromiale Enge / Akromionfehlform
- Insertionstendopathie
- Bursitis subacromialis/subdeltoidea
- Tendinosis calcarea
- Partialruptur gelenk- oder bursaseitig
- Komplettruptur
- Komplettruptur mit Retraktion und Humeruskopfglatze
- Humeruskopfhochstand & subacr. Schliffsklerose

Unauffällige Supraspinatussehne

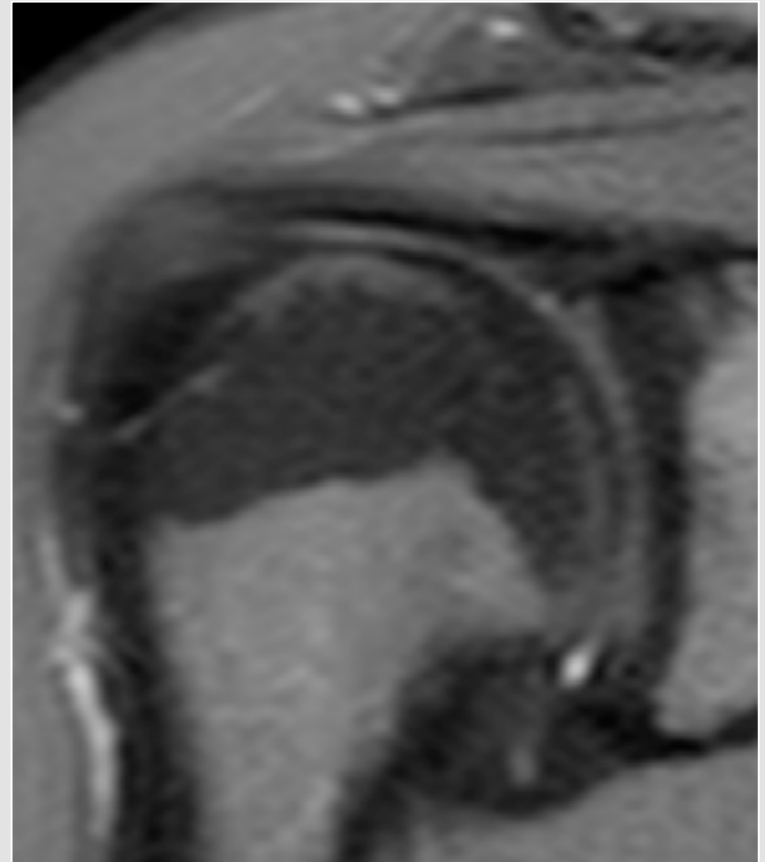


Subacromiale Enge

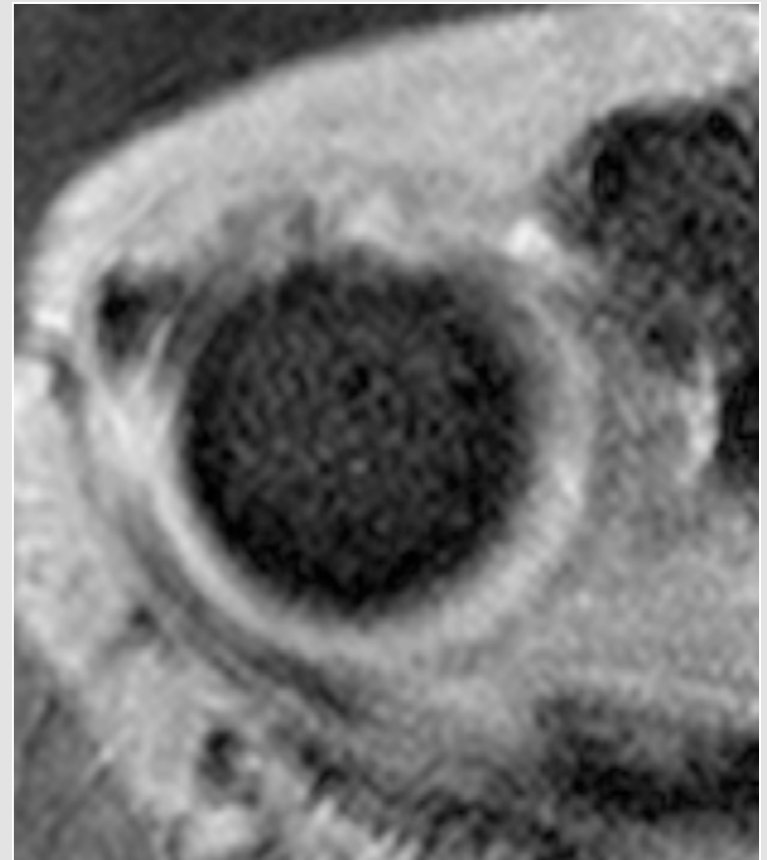


Insertionstendopathie der Supraspinatussehne

- Signalanhebung
- Auftreibung
- Erhaltene Kontinuität
- Mukoide Degeneration
- Einlagerung von Bindegewebsgrundsubstanz

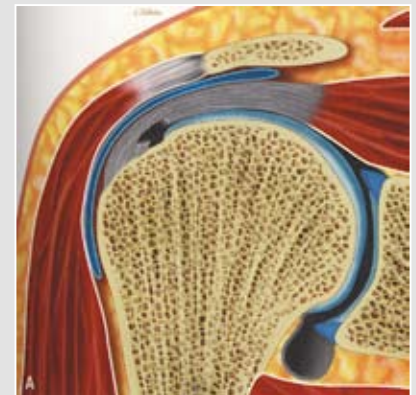
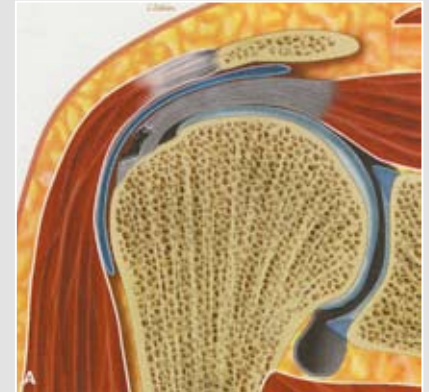
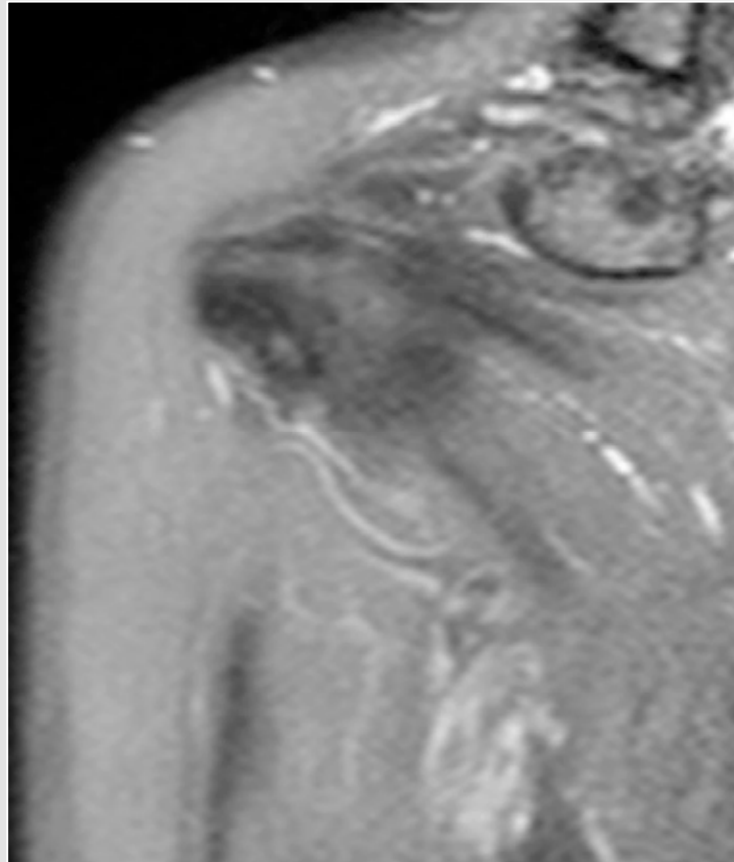


Tendinosis calcarea

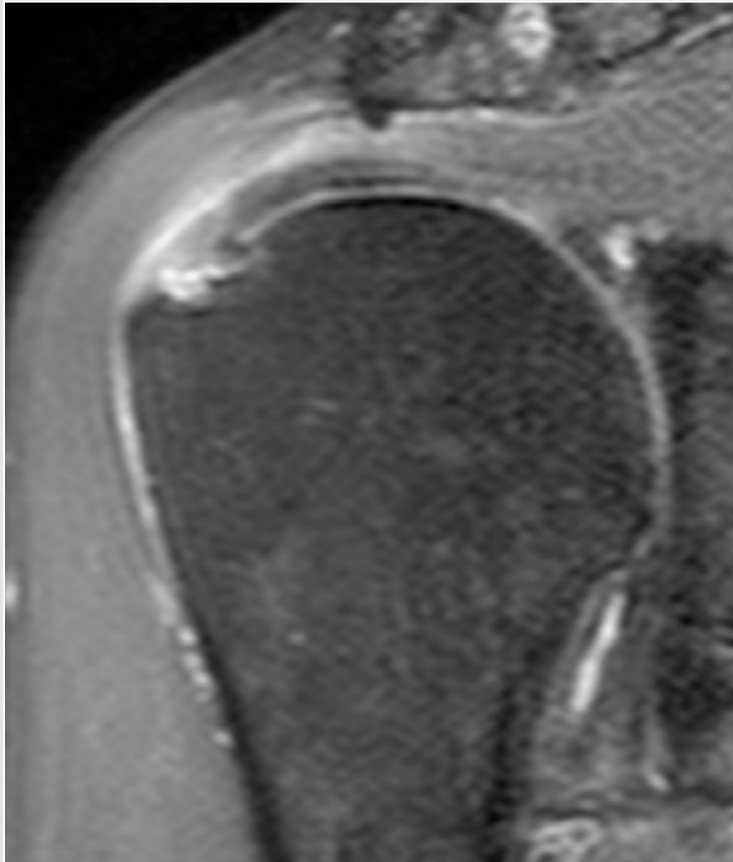


Partialruptur der Supraspinatussehne

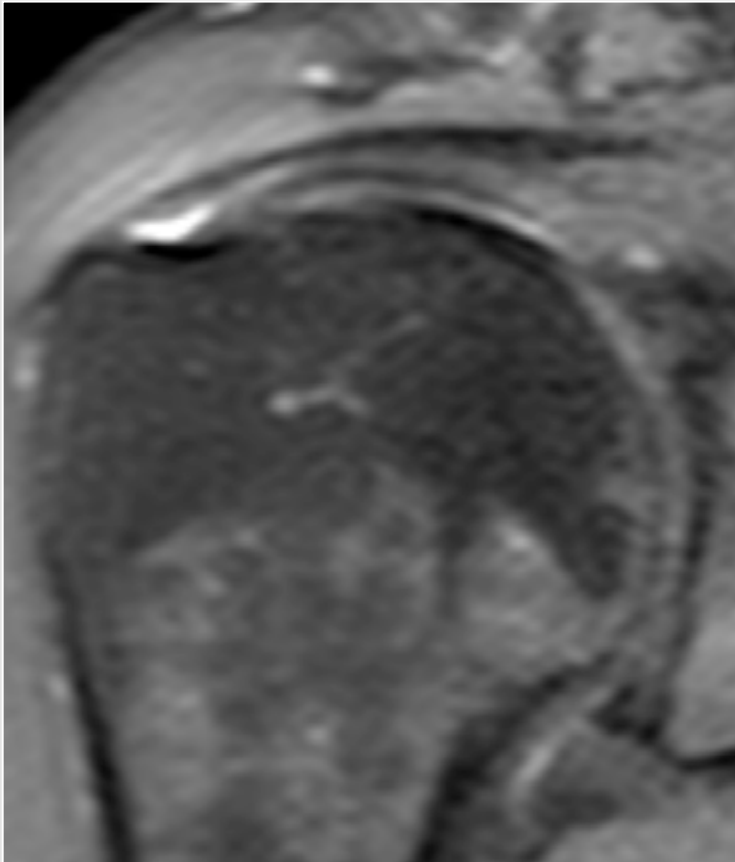
- Bursaseitig
- Gelenkseitig



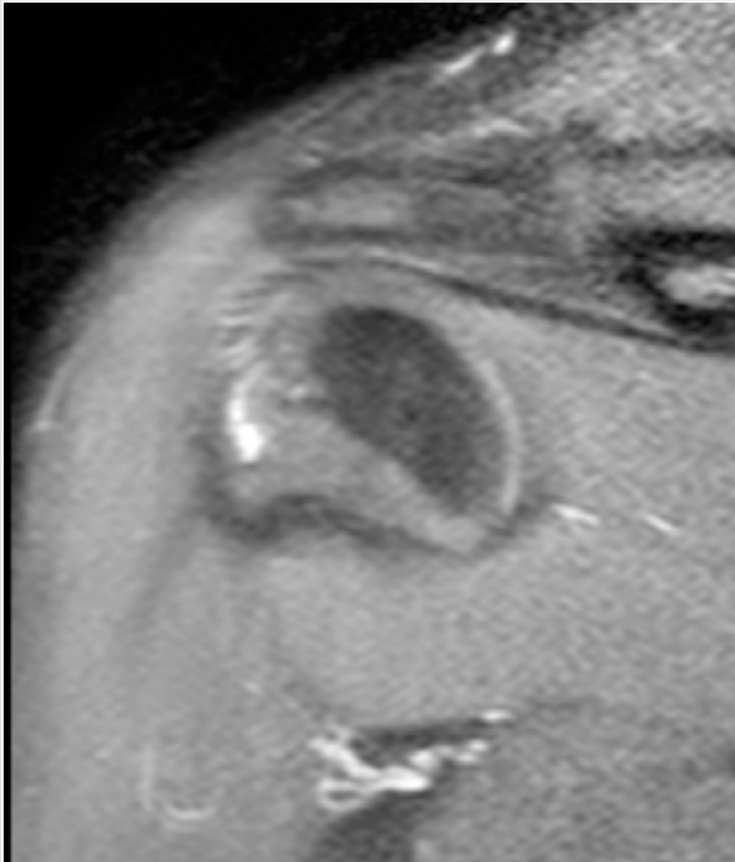
Partialruptur der Supraspinatussehne



Partialruptur der Supraspinatussehne

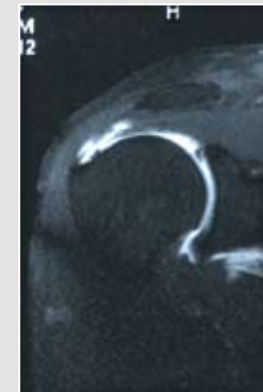
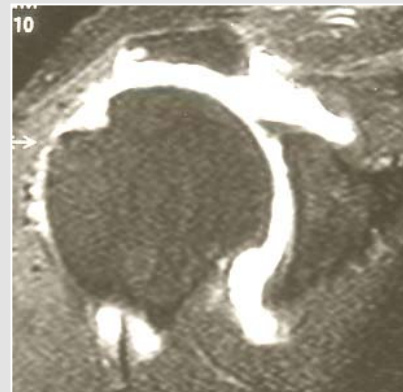
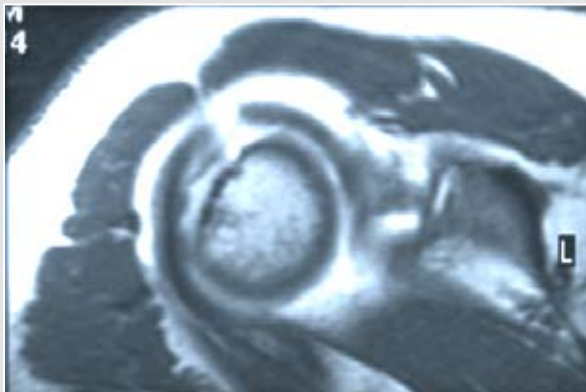


Partialruptur Infraspinatussehne

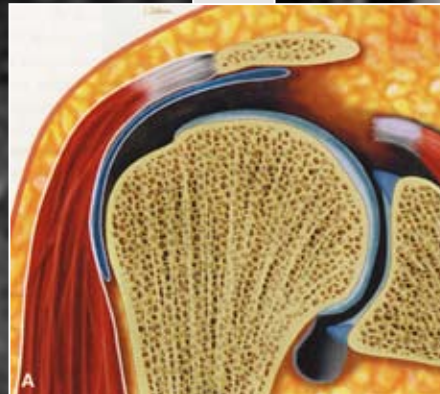
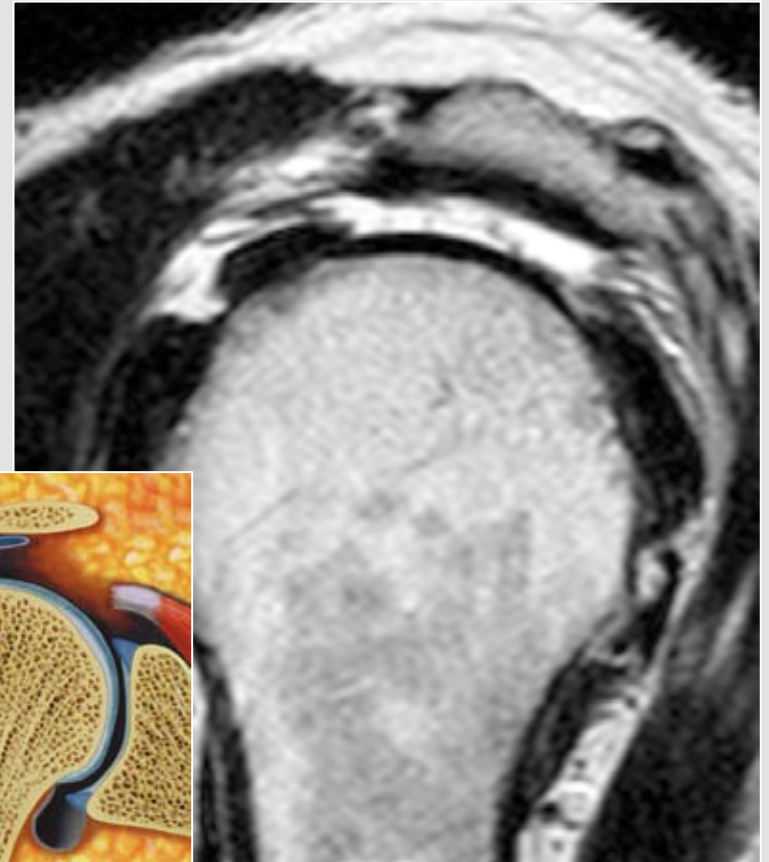
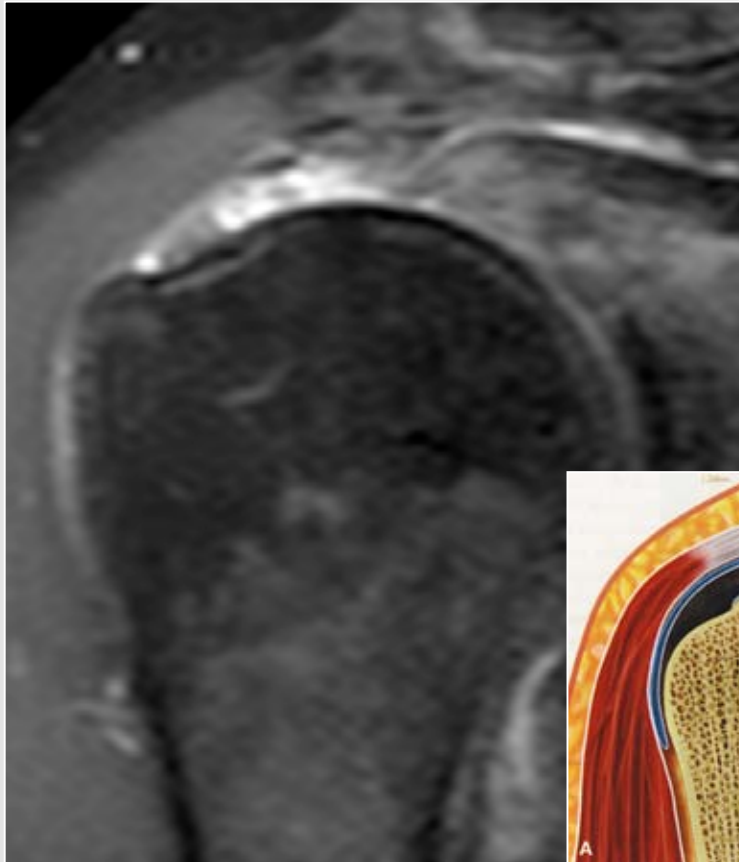


Komplettruptur der Supraspinatussehne

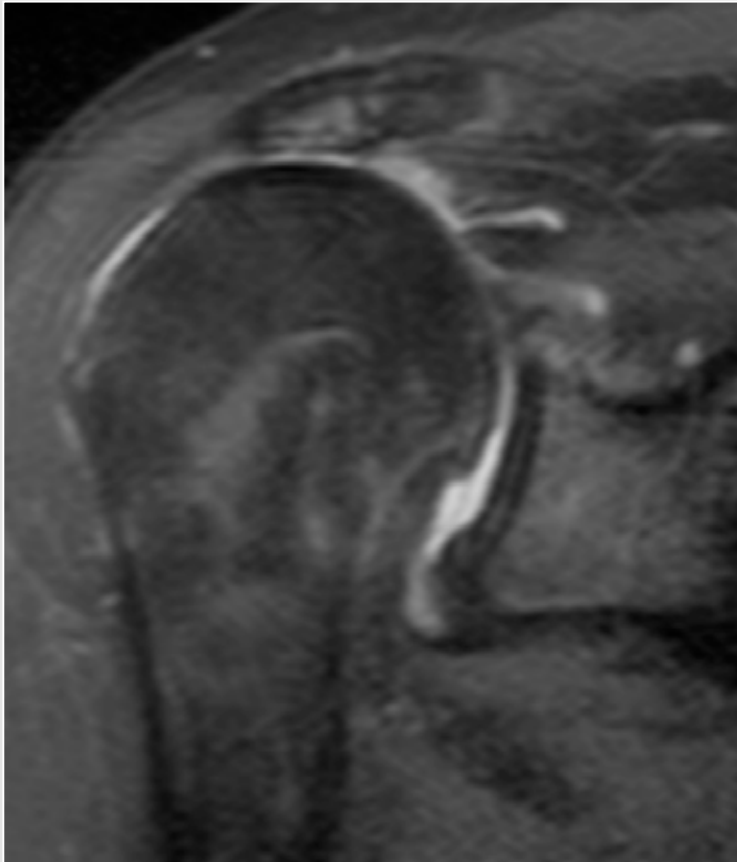
- Ohne Retraktion
- Mit partieller Retraktion
- Mit kompletter Retraktion



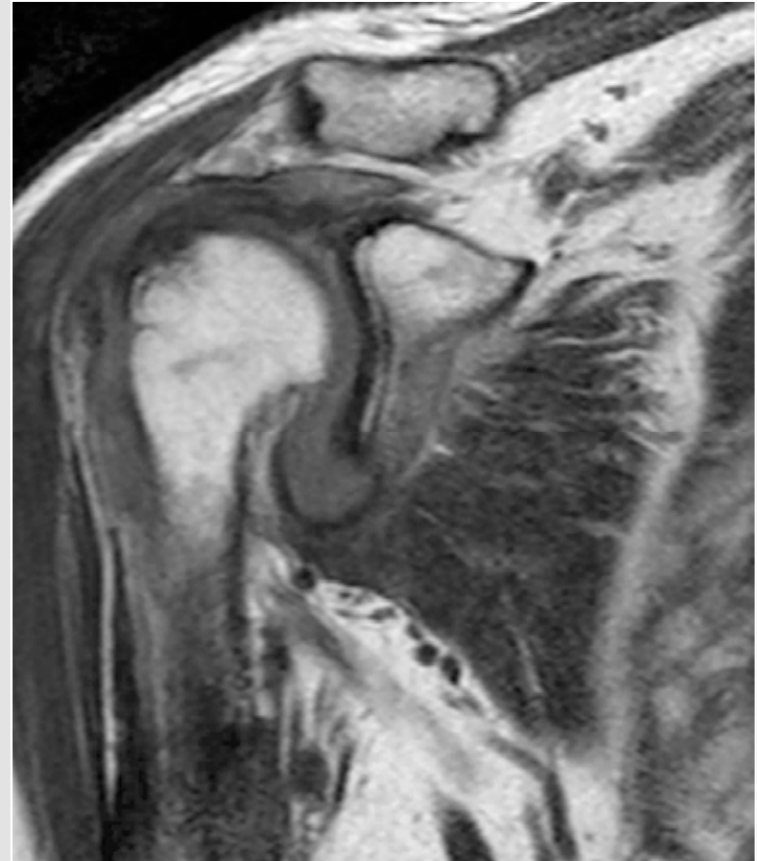
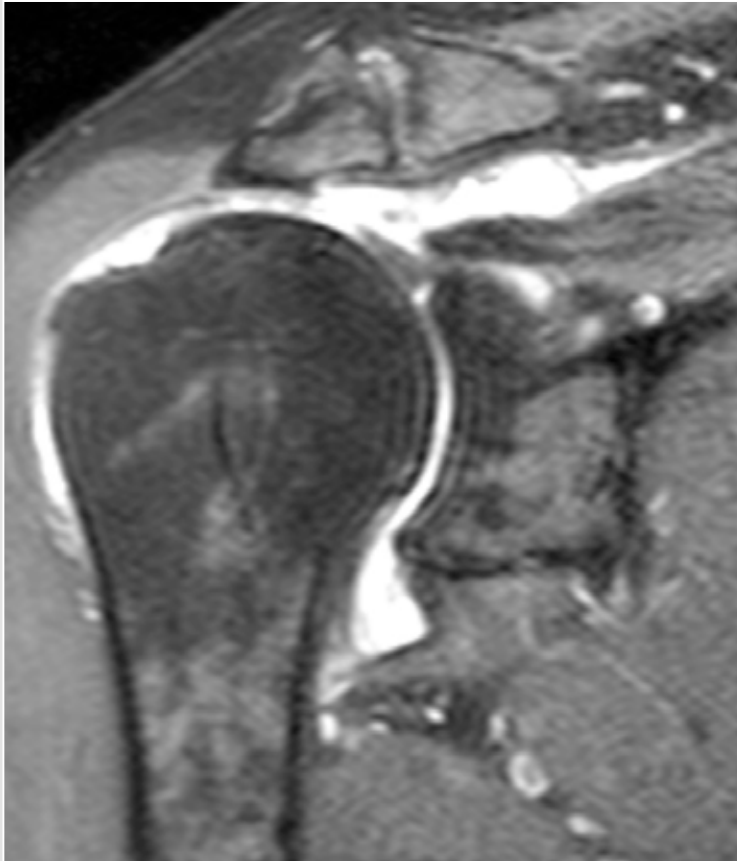
Komplettruptur der Supraspinatussehne



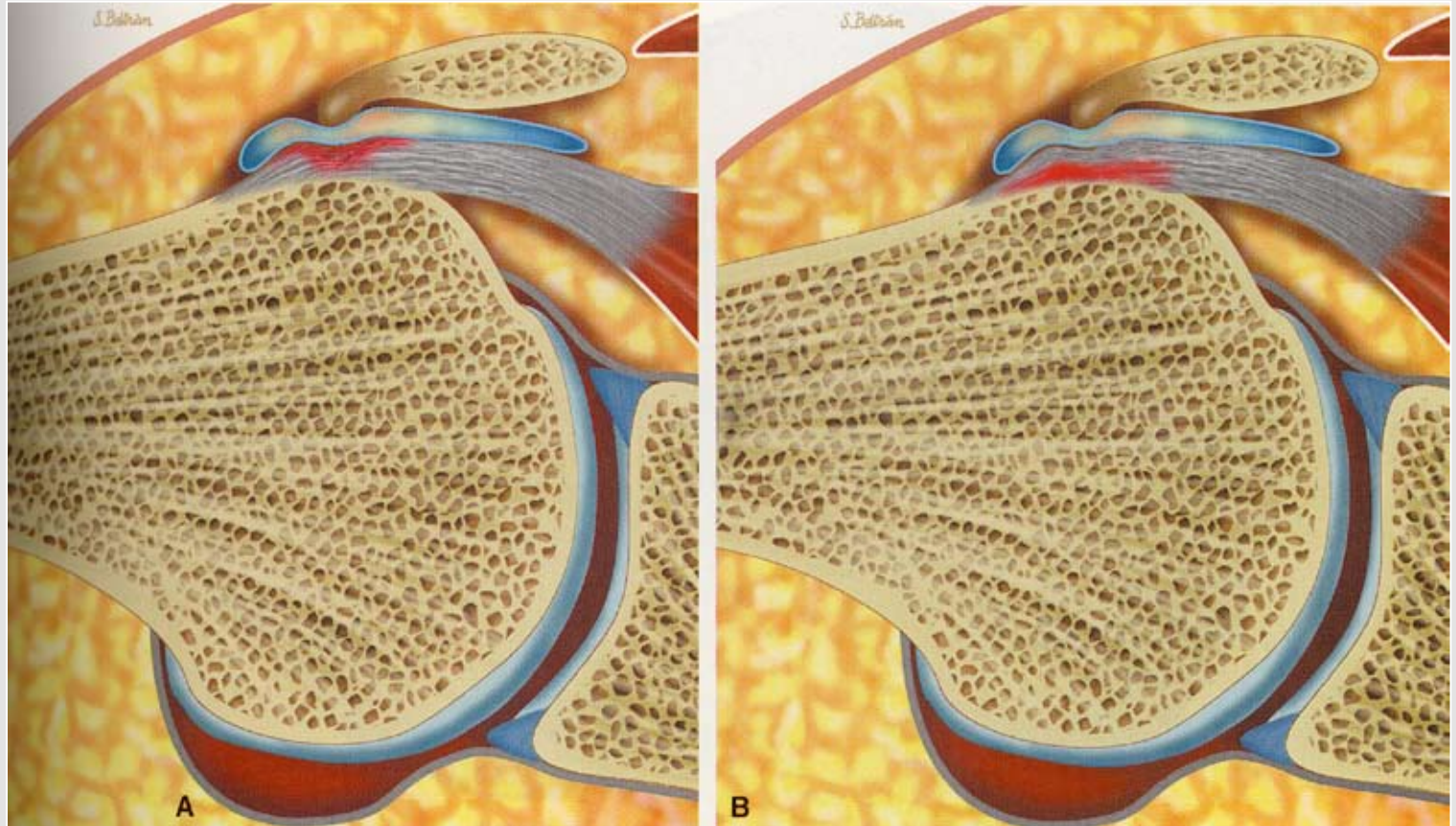
Humeruskopfhochstand & subacr. Schliffsklerose



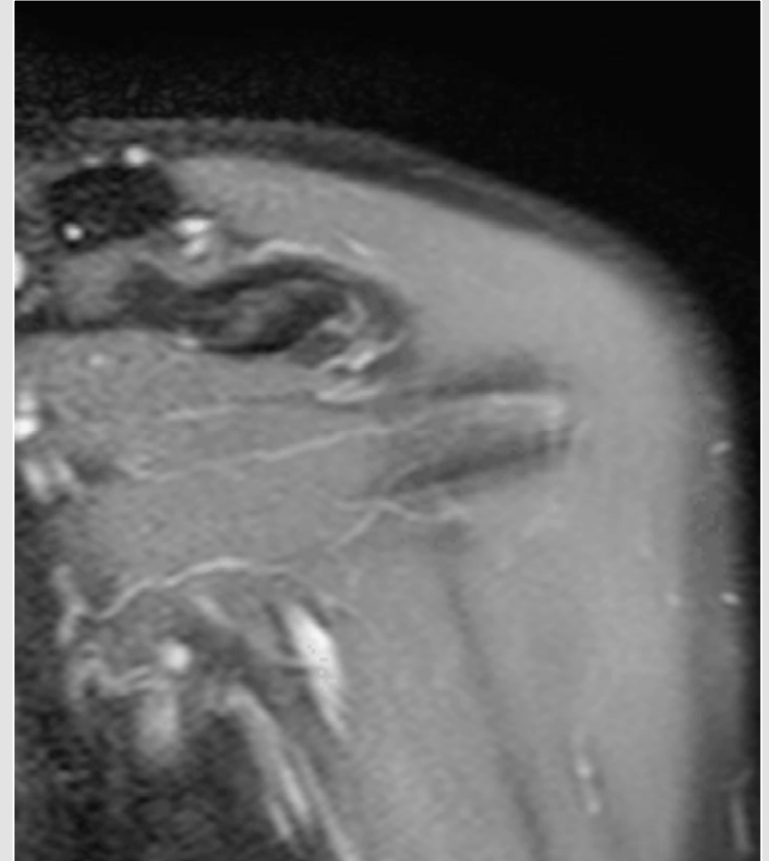
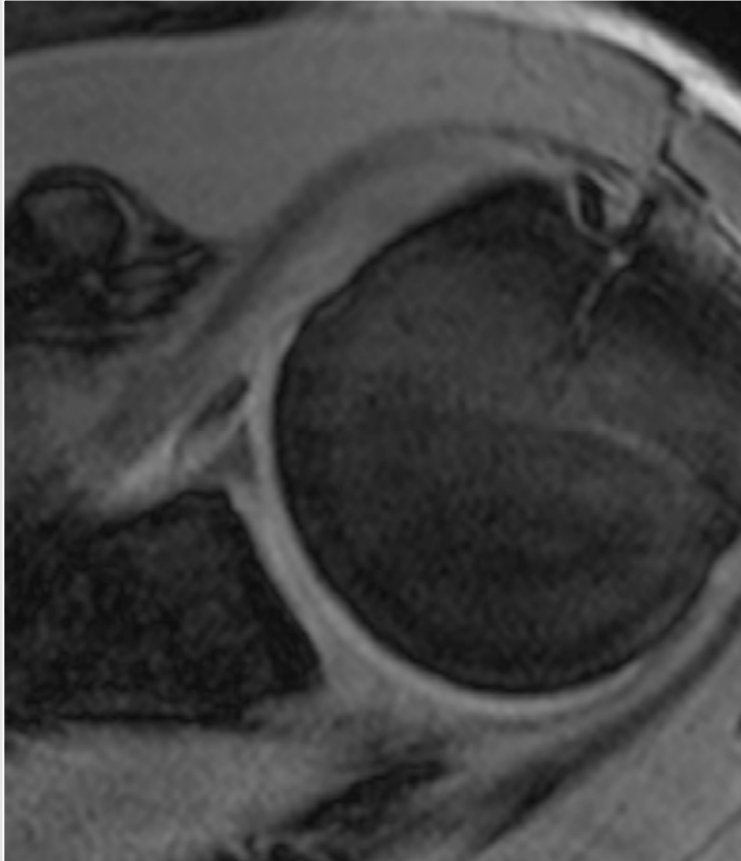
Ruptur und Atrophie Supraspinatussehne



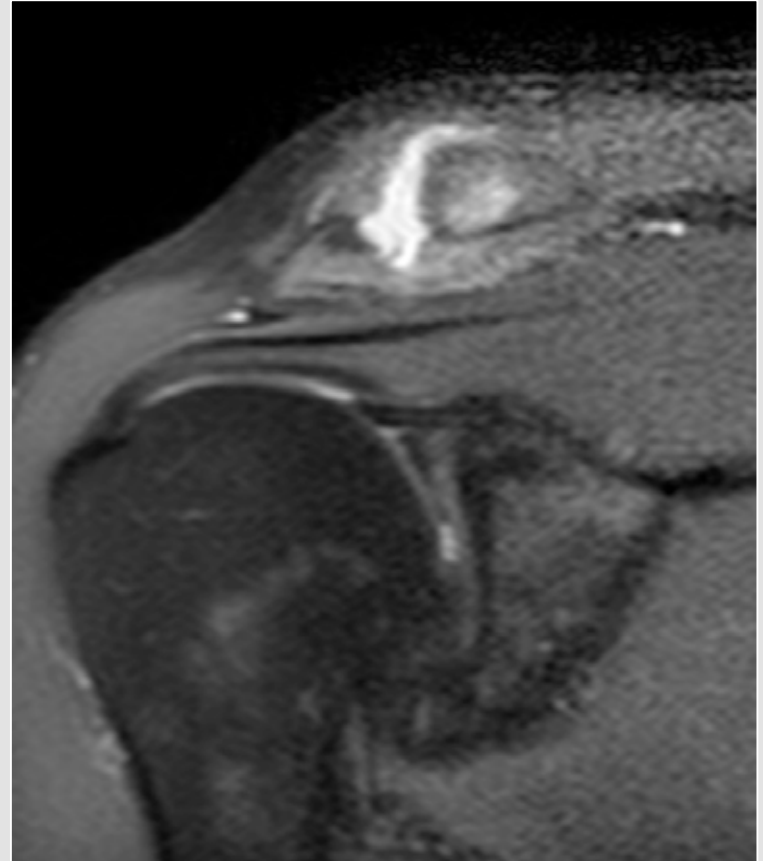
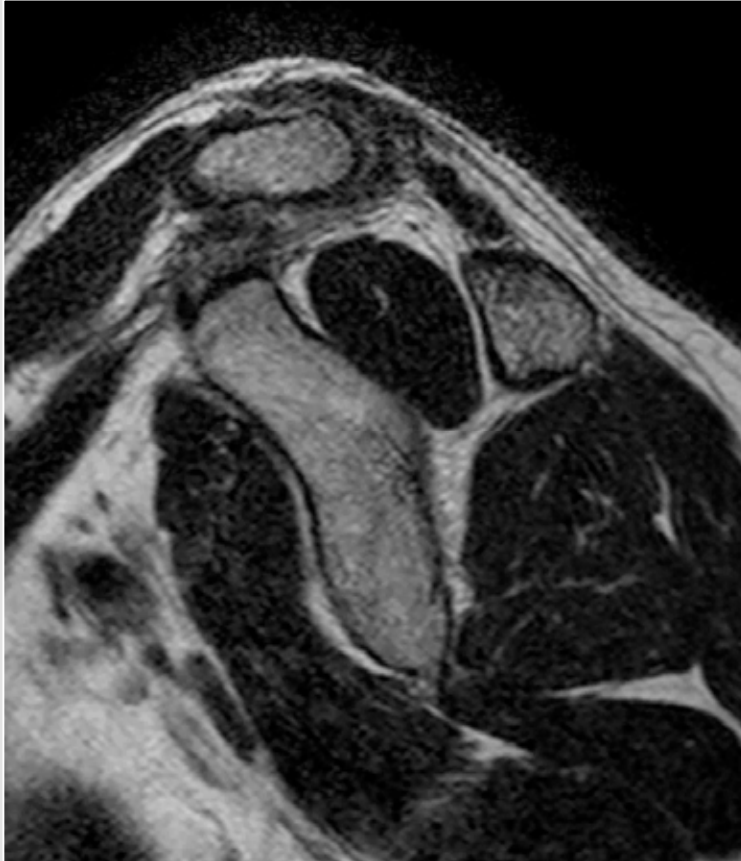
Subcoracoidales Impingement



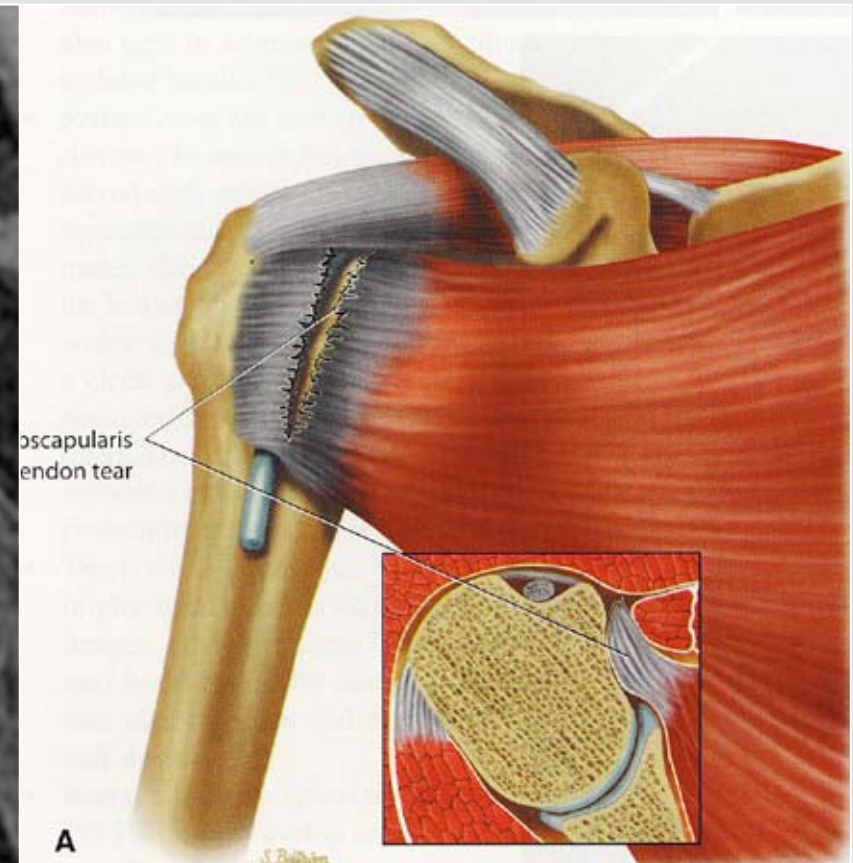
Subcoracoidales Impingement



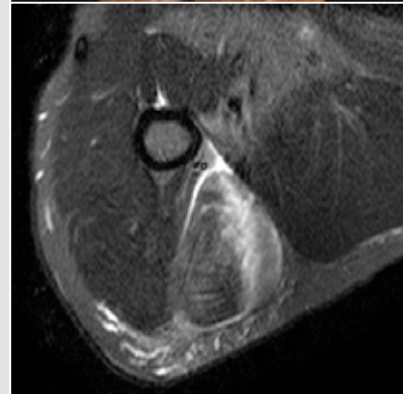
AC-Gelenkssprengung



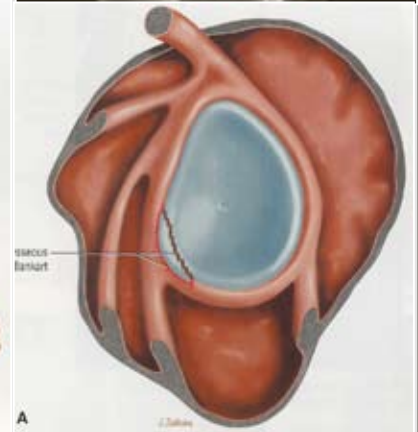
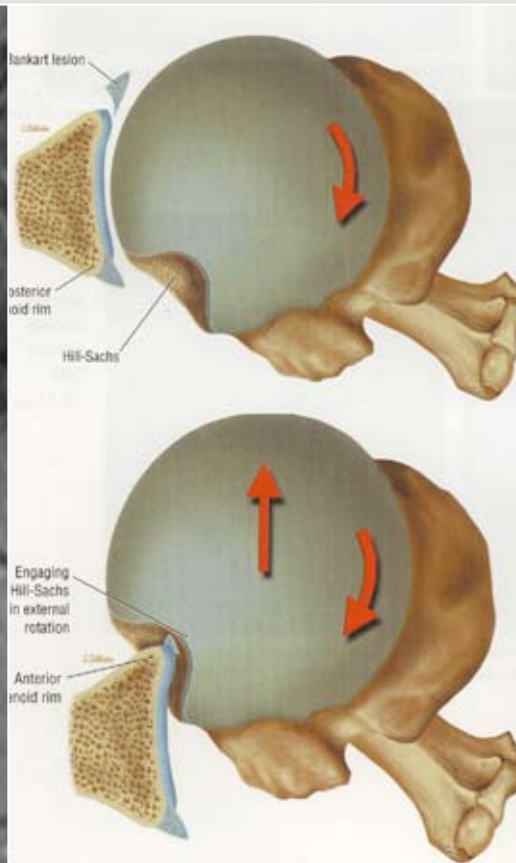
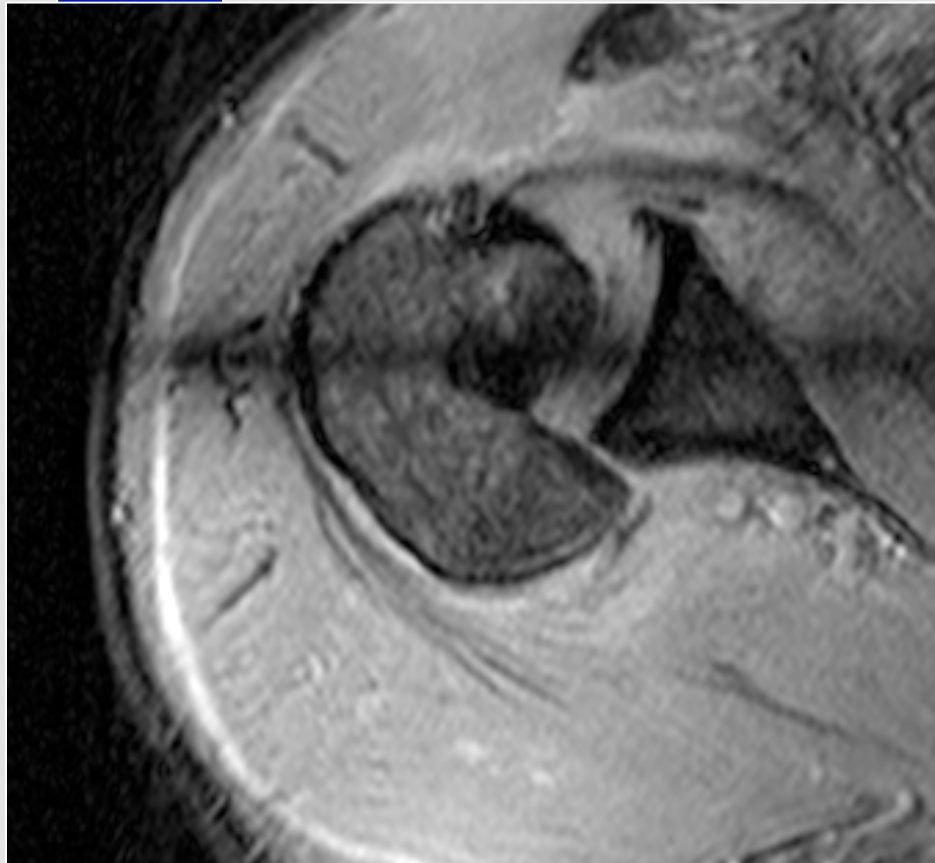
Subscapularissehnenruptur



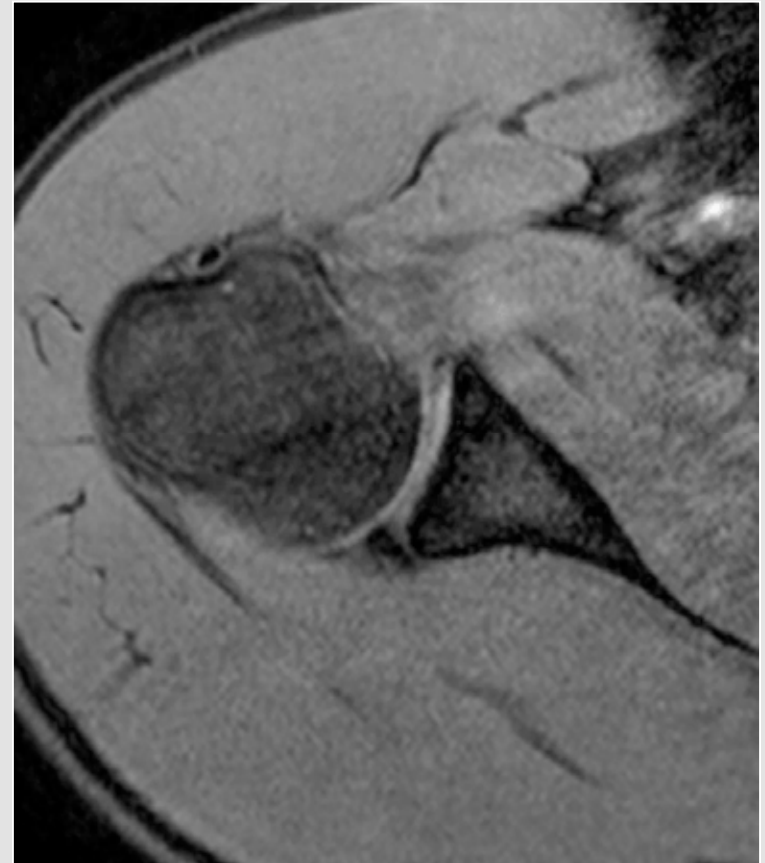
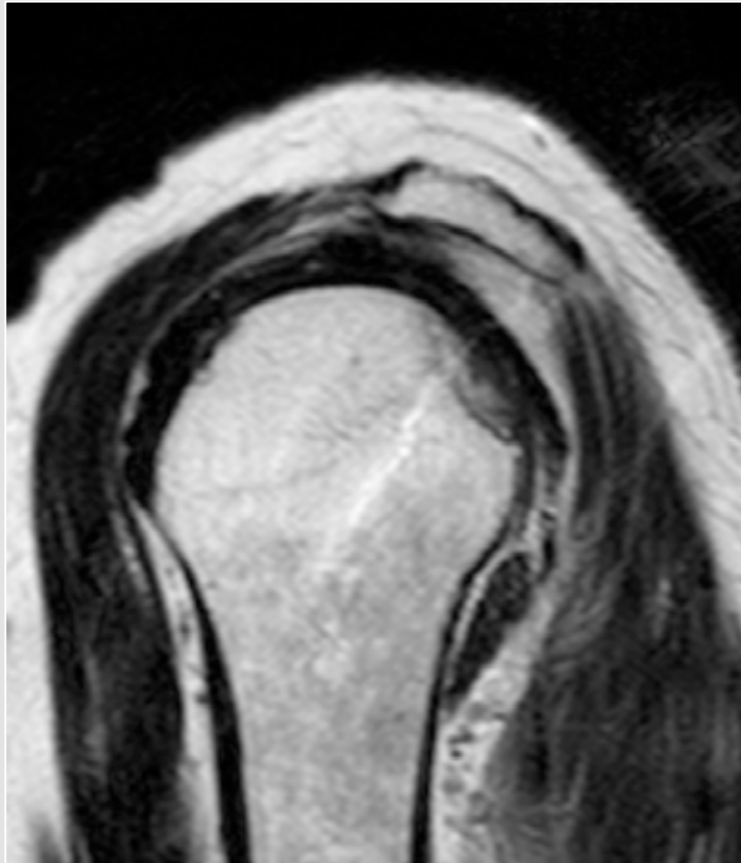
Trizepssehnenabriß



Schultergelenksluxation

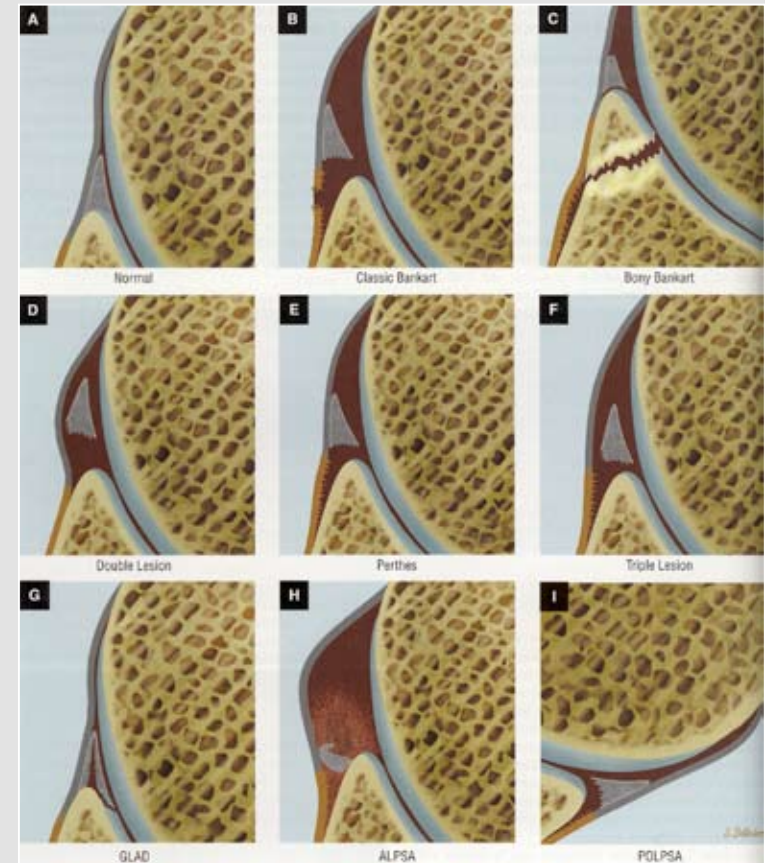


Schultergelenksluxation

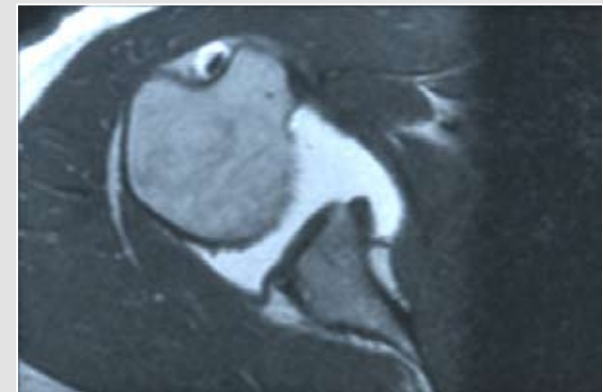
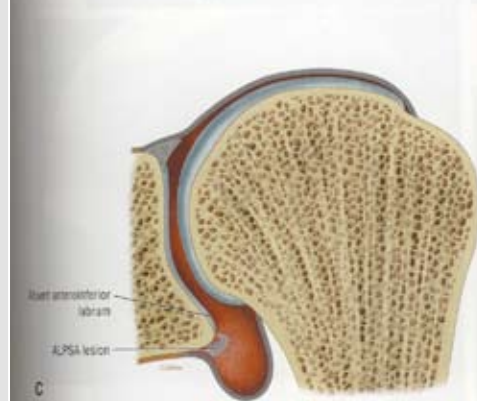
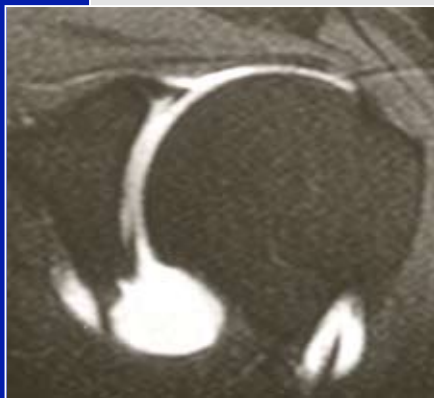
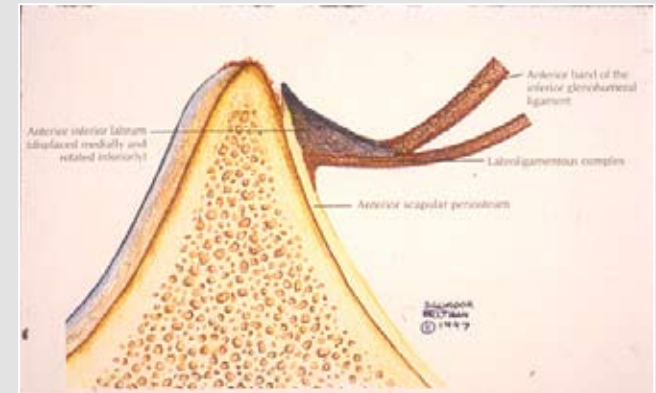


Instabilität

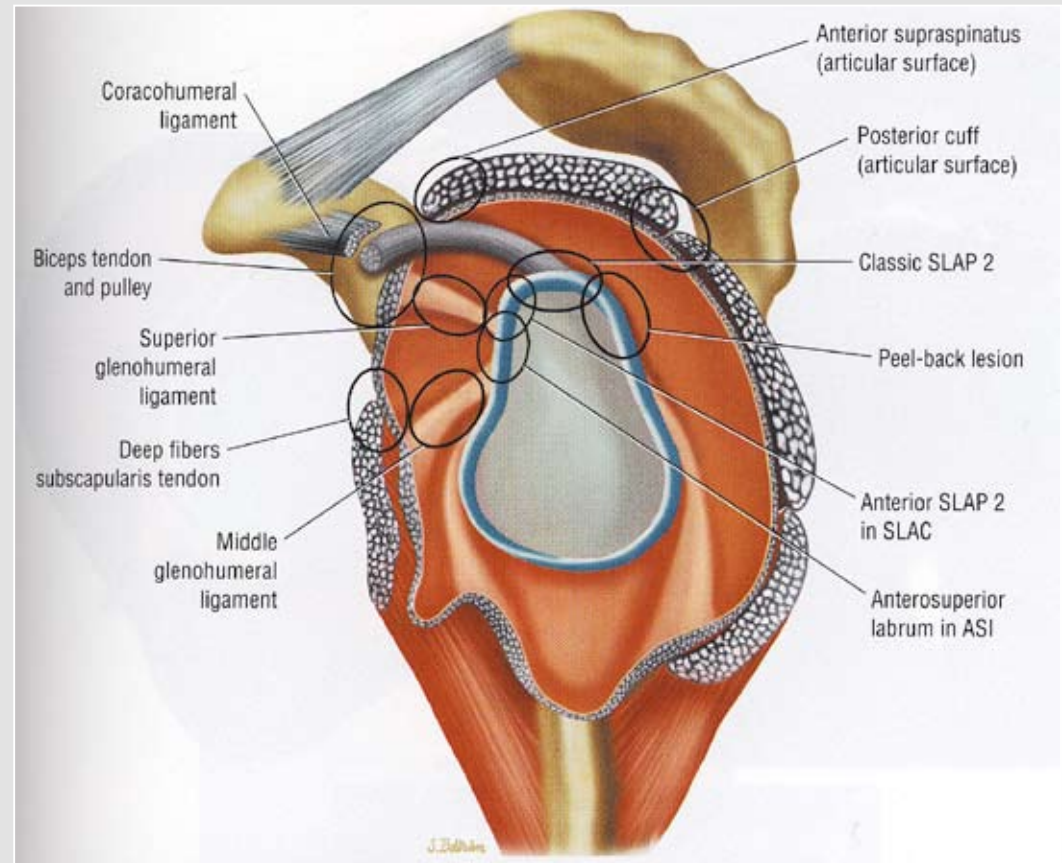
- Knöcherne Bankart-Läsion
- Knorpelige Bankart-L.
- Perthes
- ALPSA
- GLAD



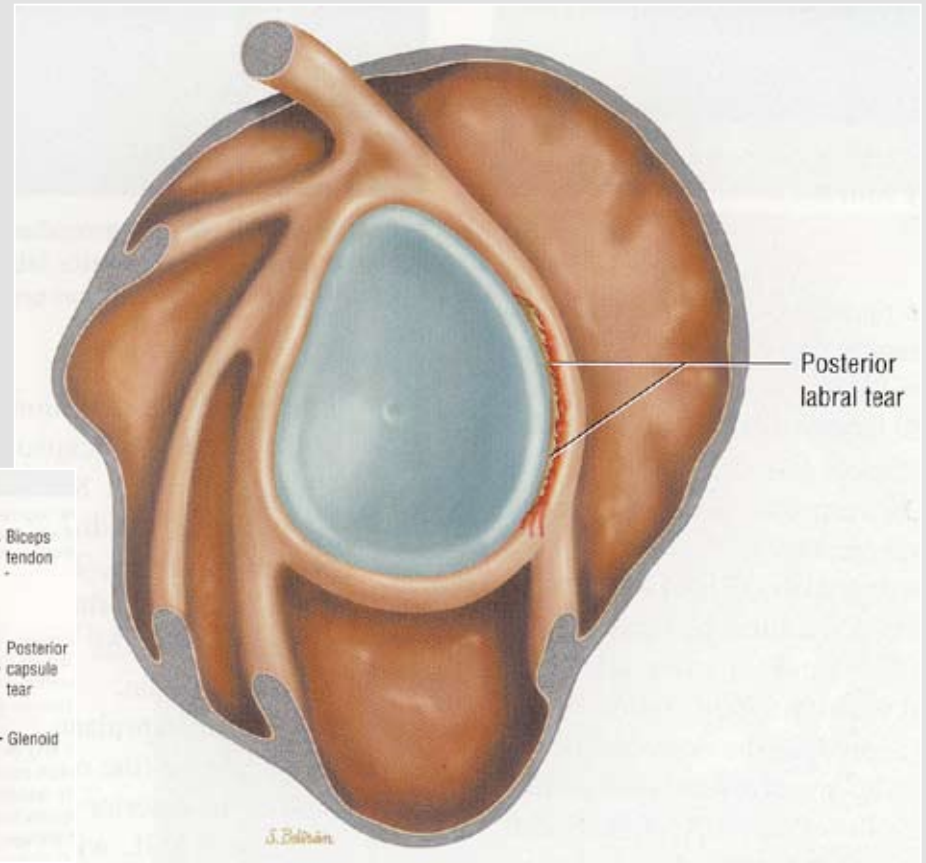
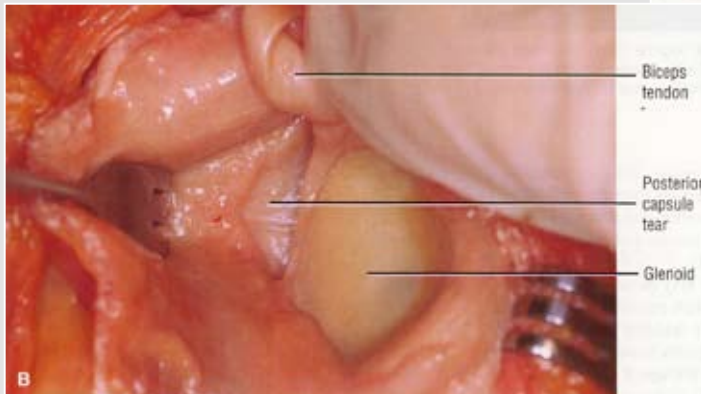
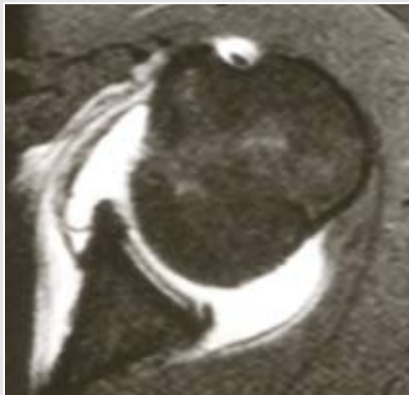
ALPSA



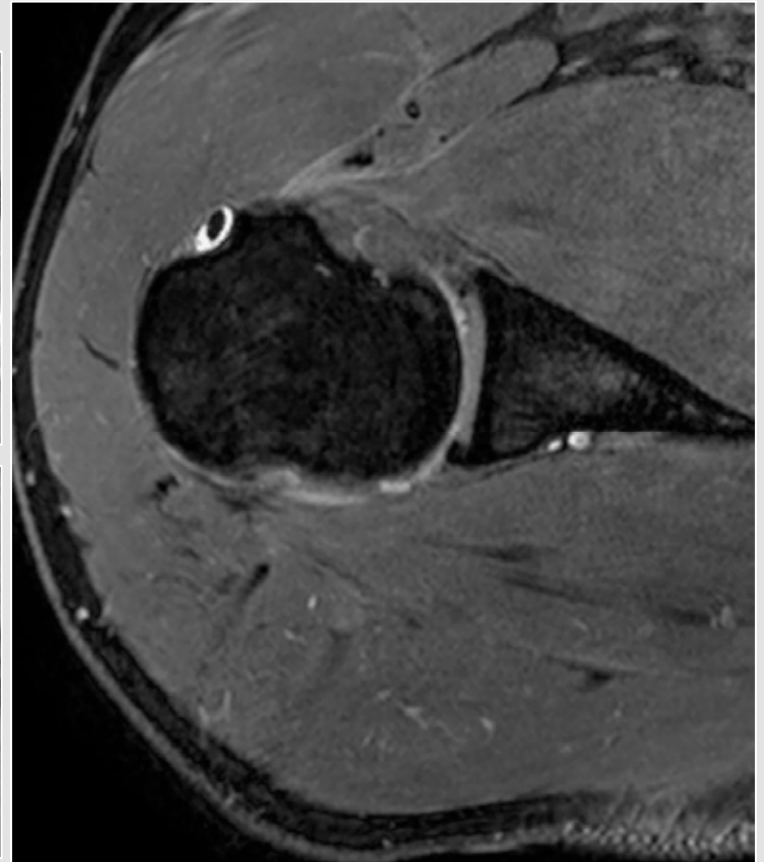
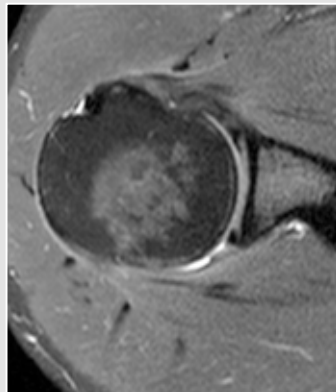
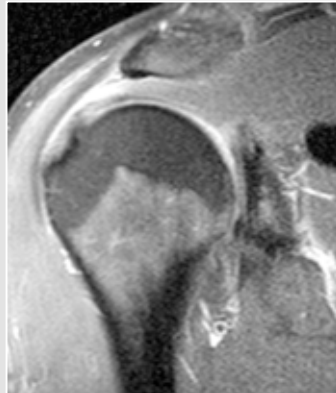
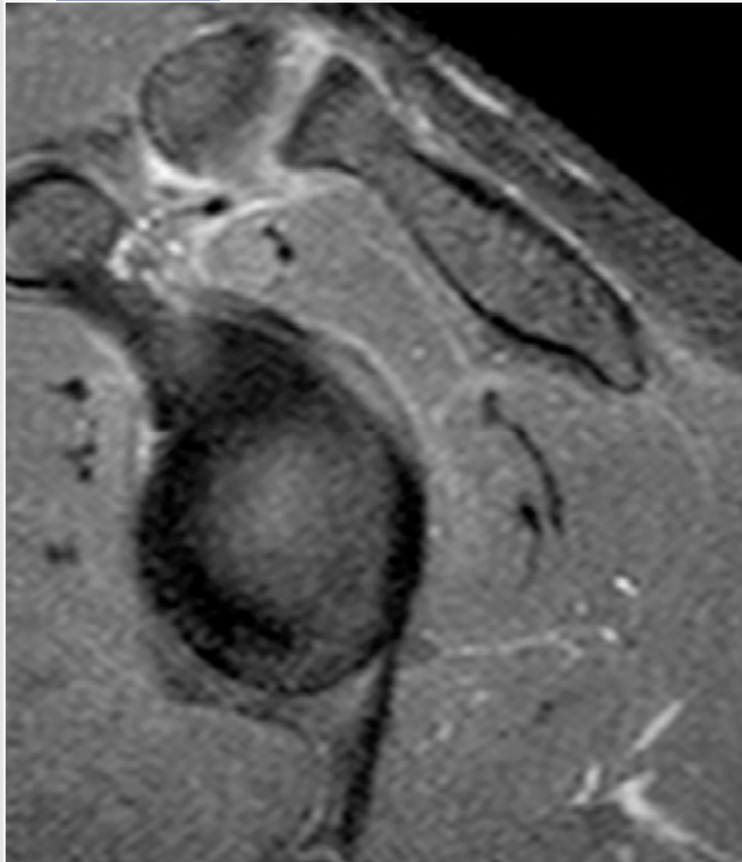
Mikroinstabilität



Posteriore Instabilität



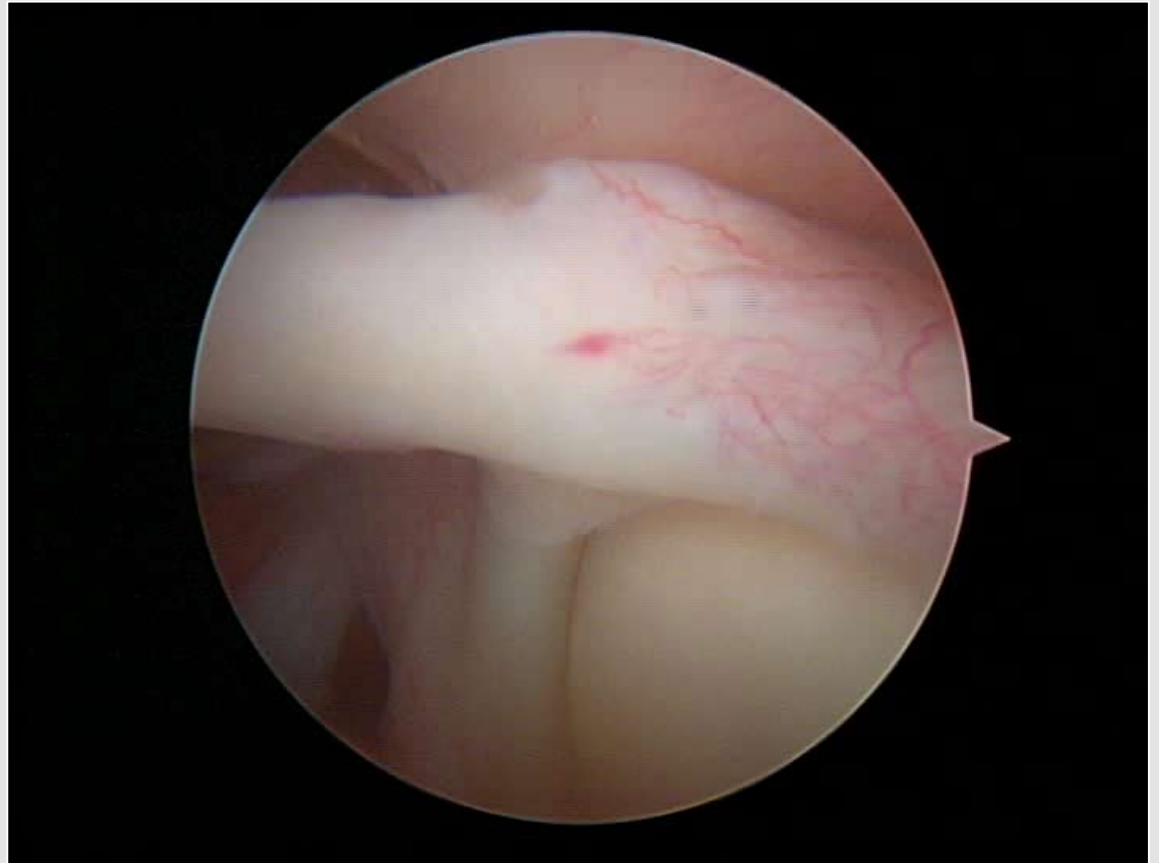
Labrumläsion - indir_Arthro_post



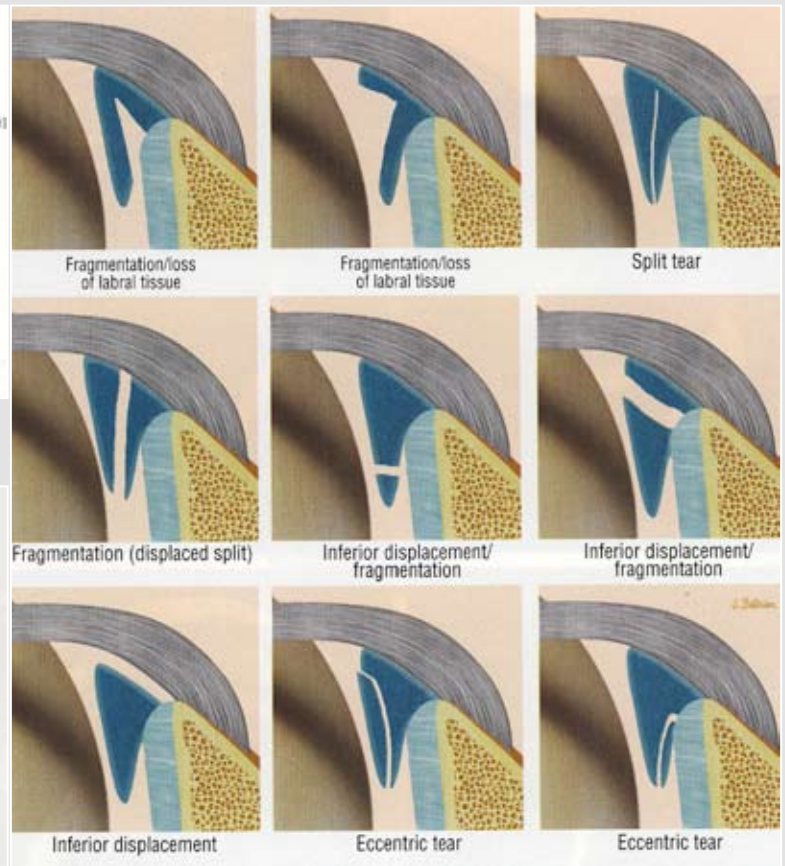
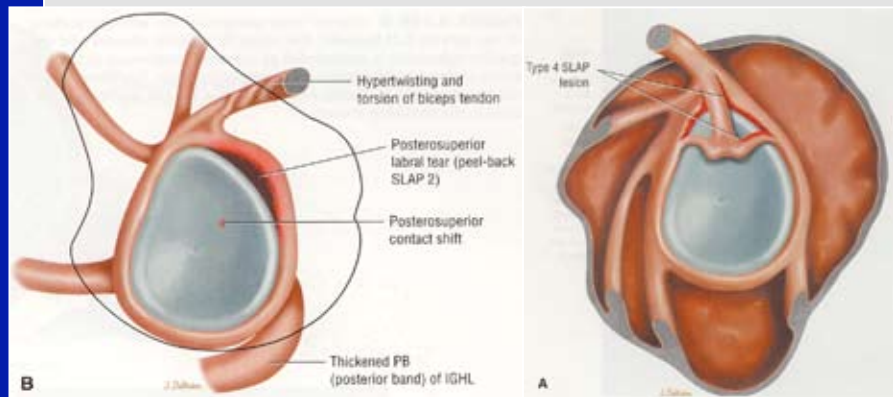
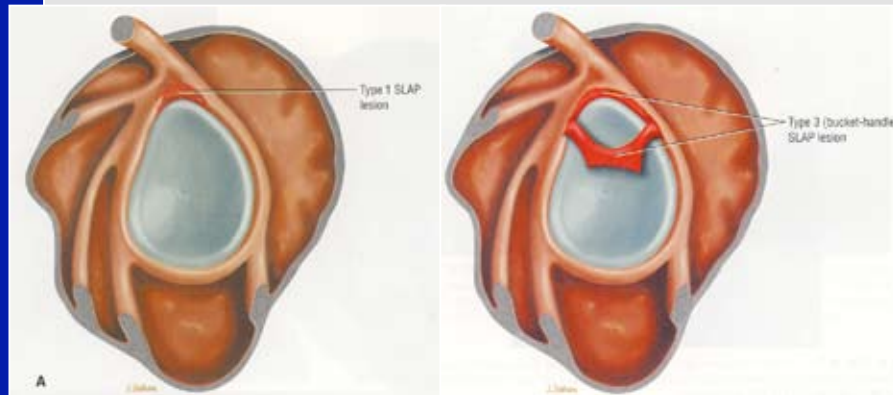
Bizepssehnenankerkomplex



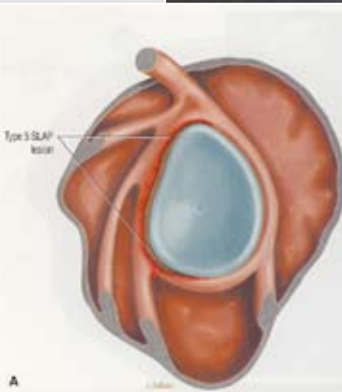
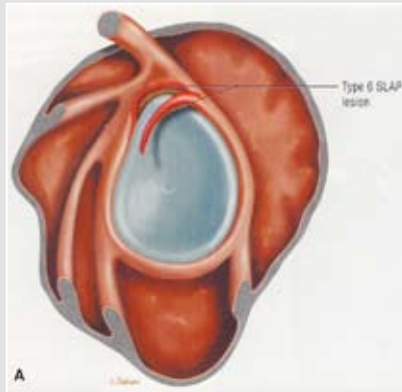
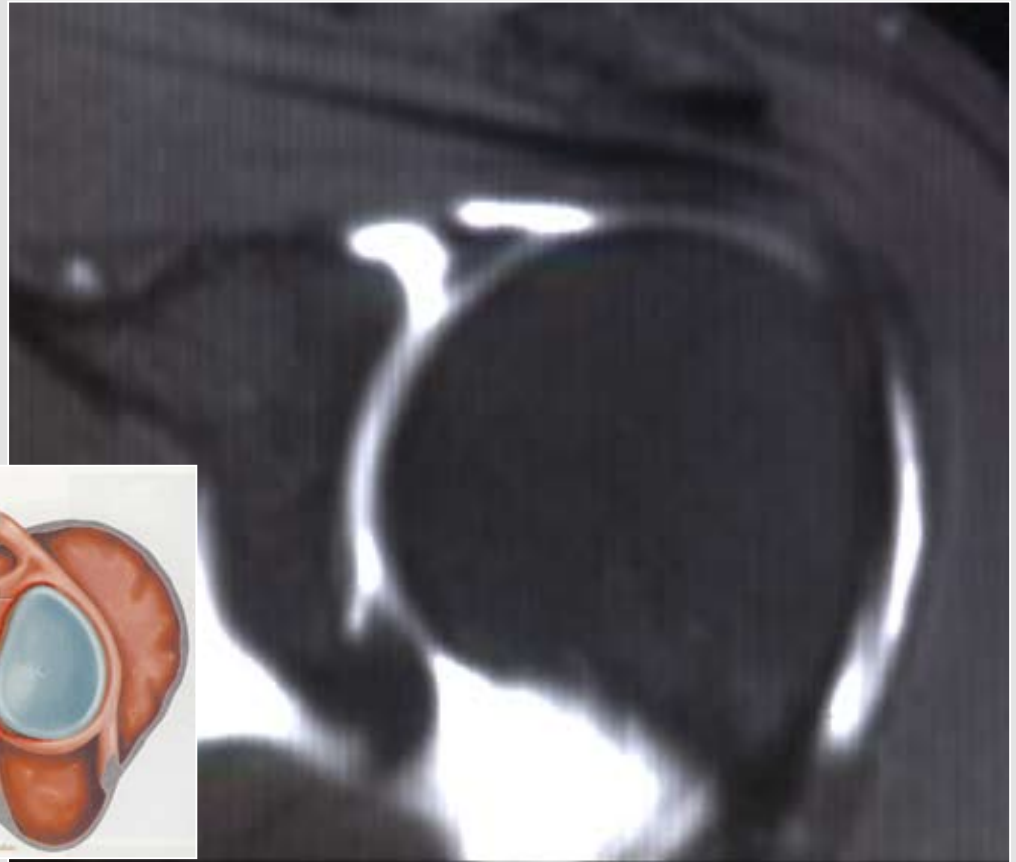
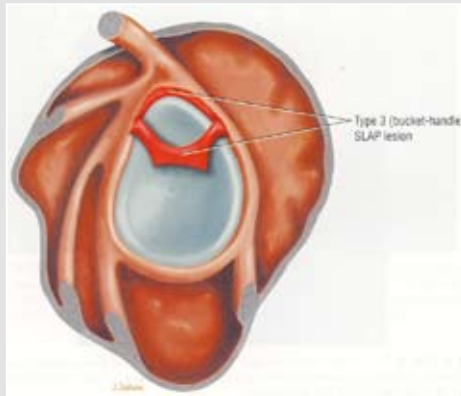
Bizepssehnenanker - Arthroskopie



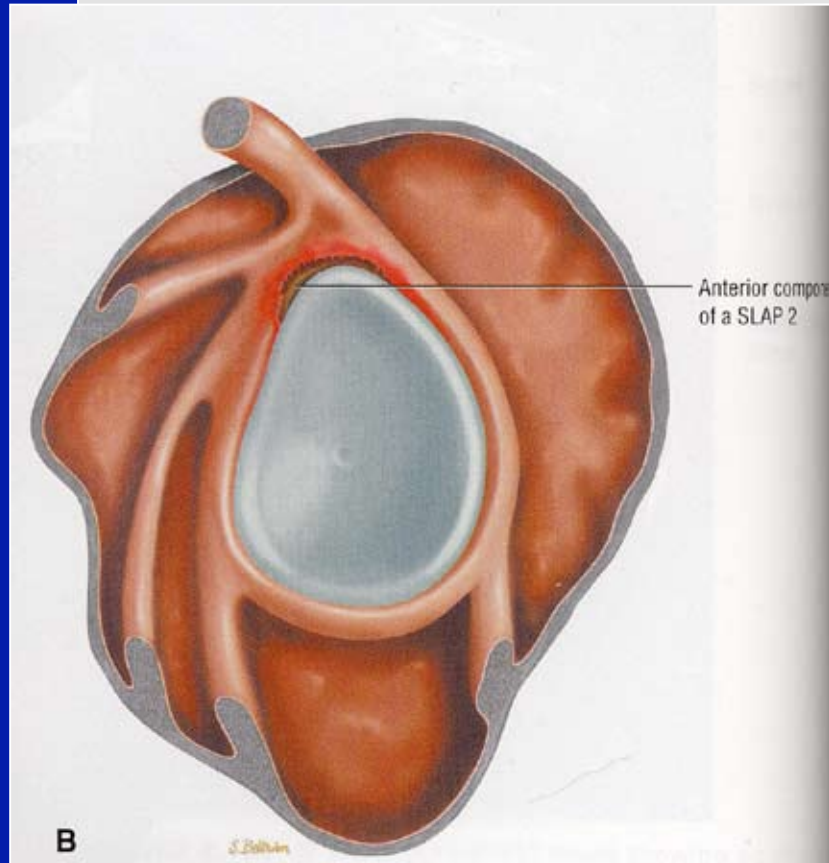
Superiores Labrum SLAP



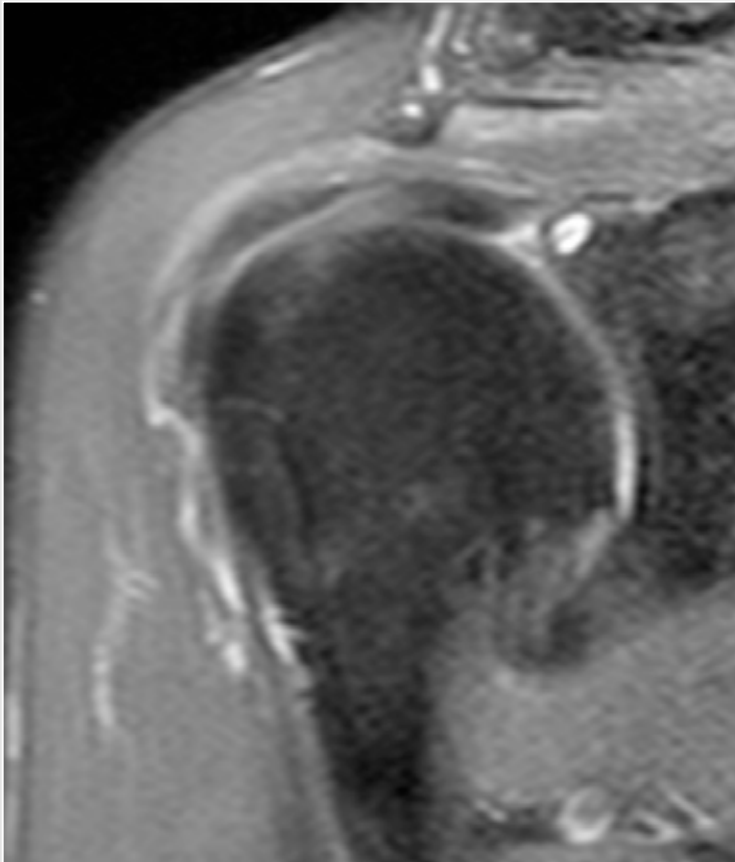
SLAP



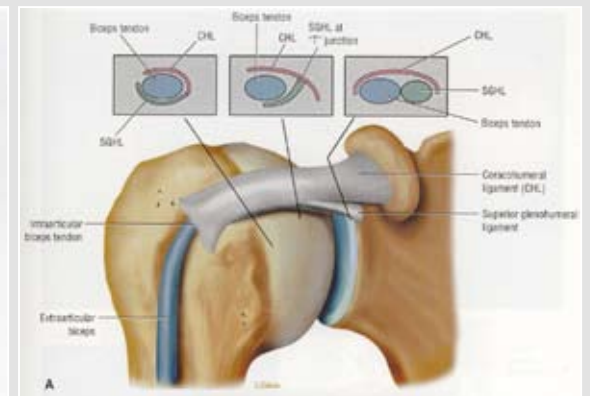
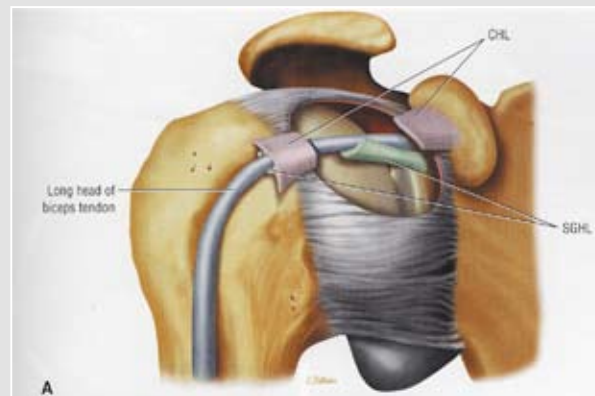
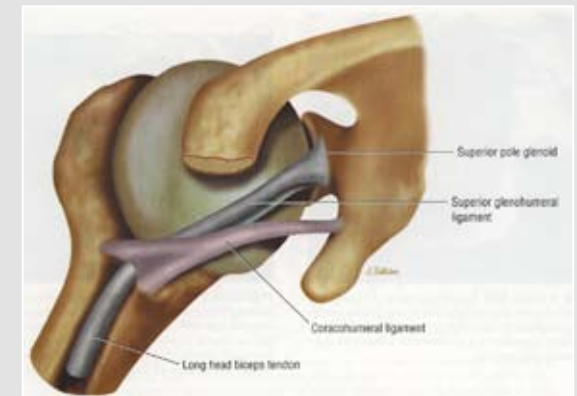
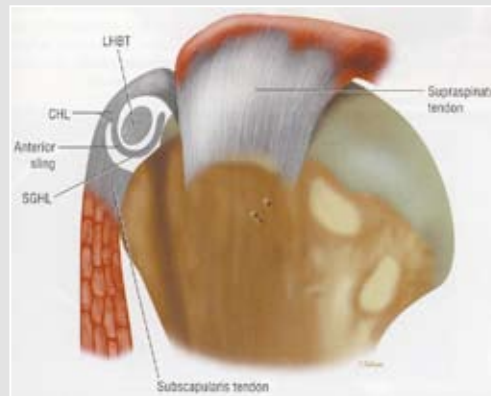
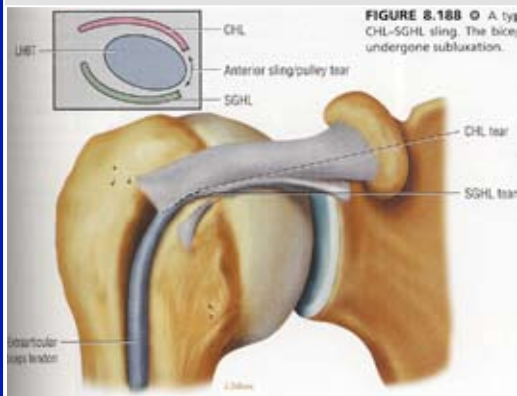
SLAP II indir. MR-Arthro



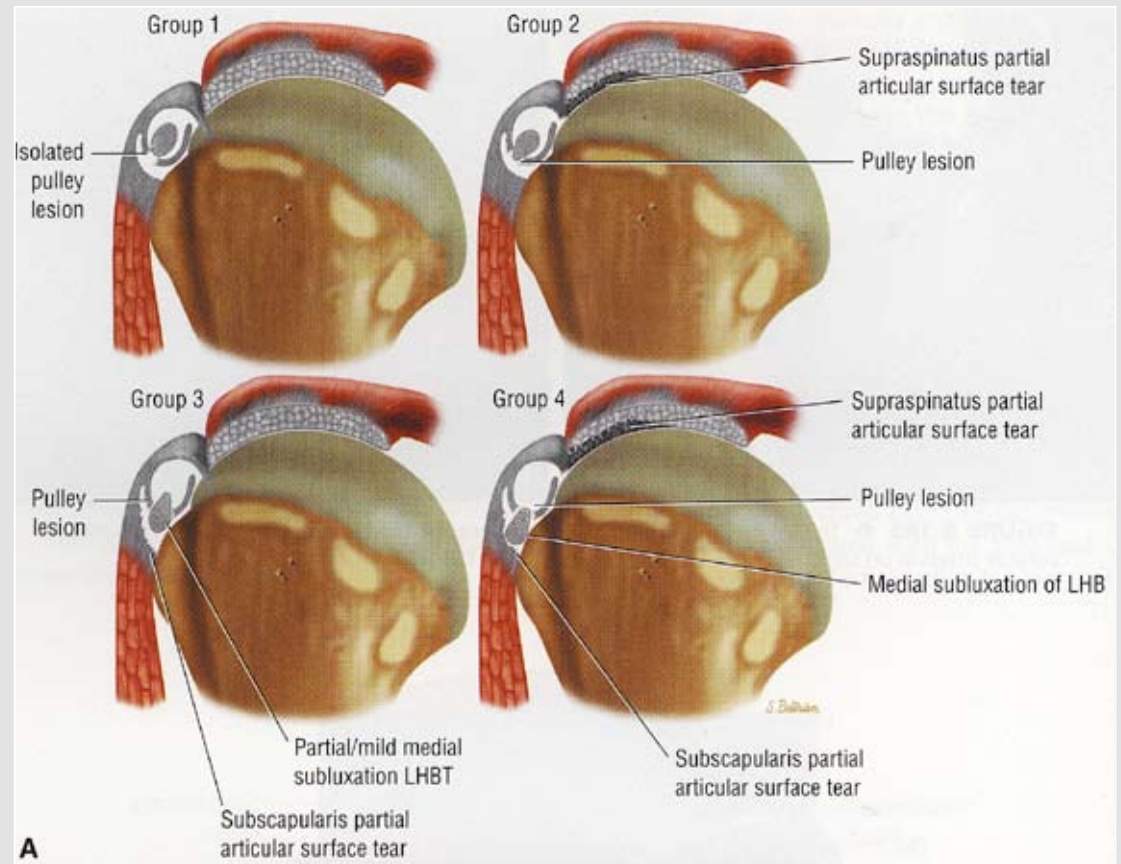
Labrumzyste



Pulleyläsion



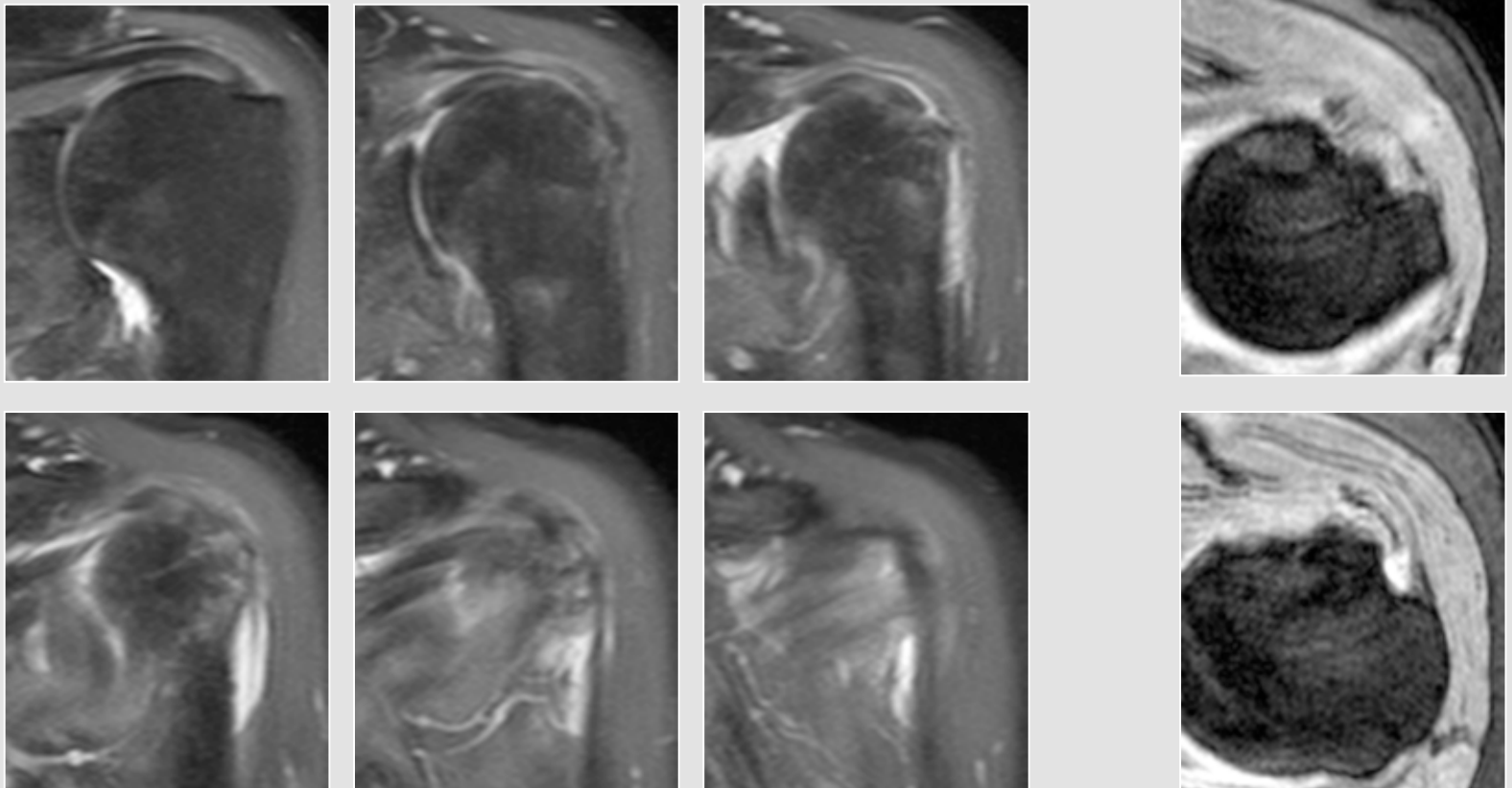
Pulley-Läsion Habermeyer-Einteilung



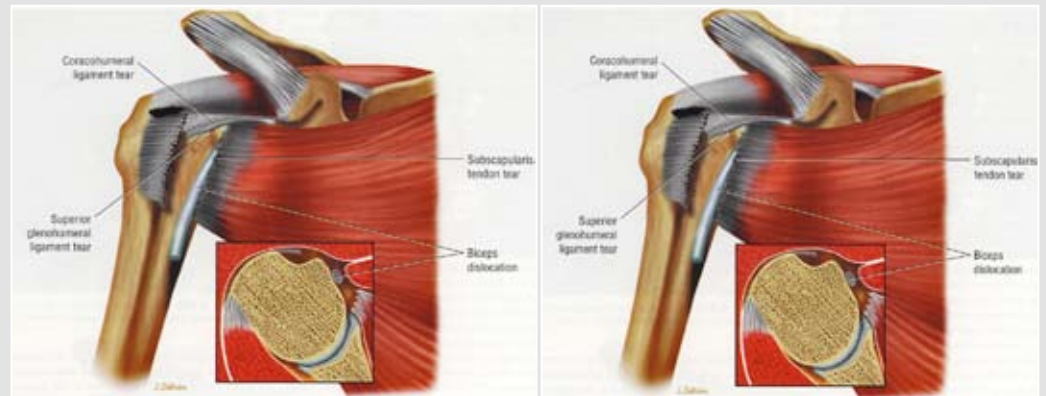
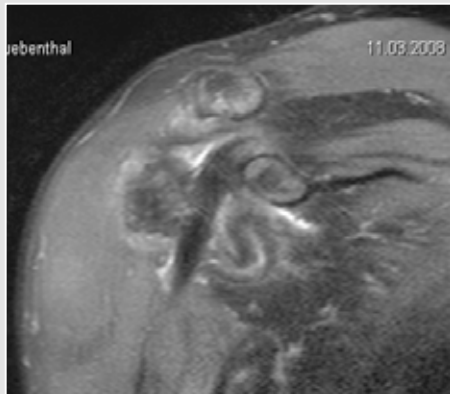
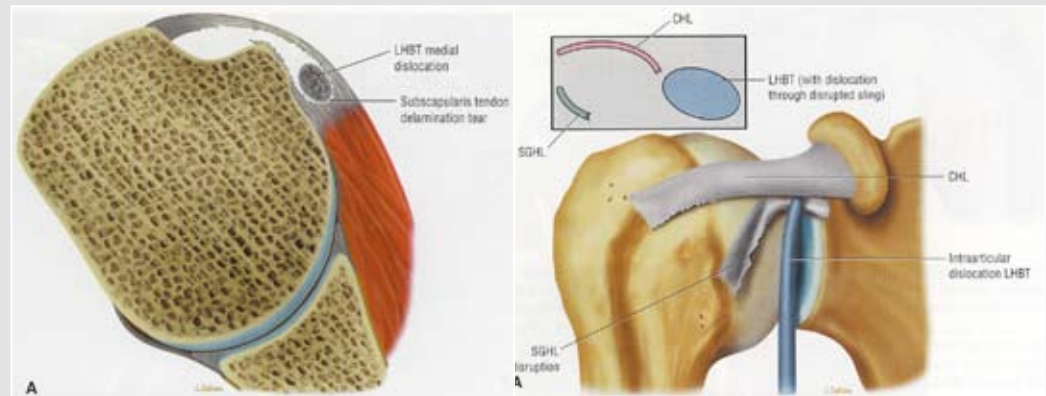
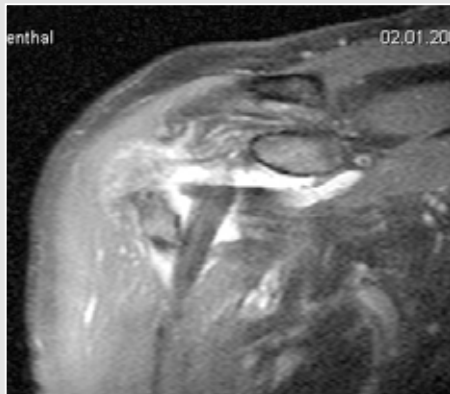
Pulley - Arthroskopie



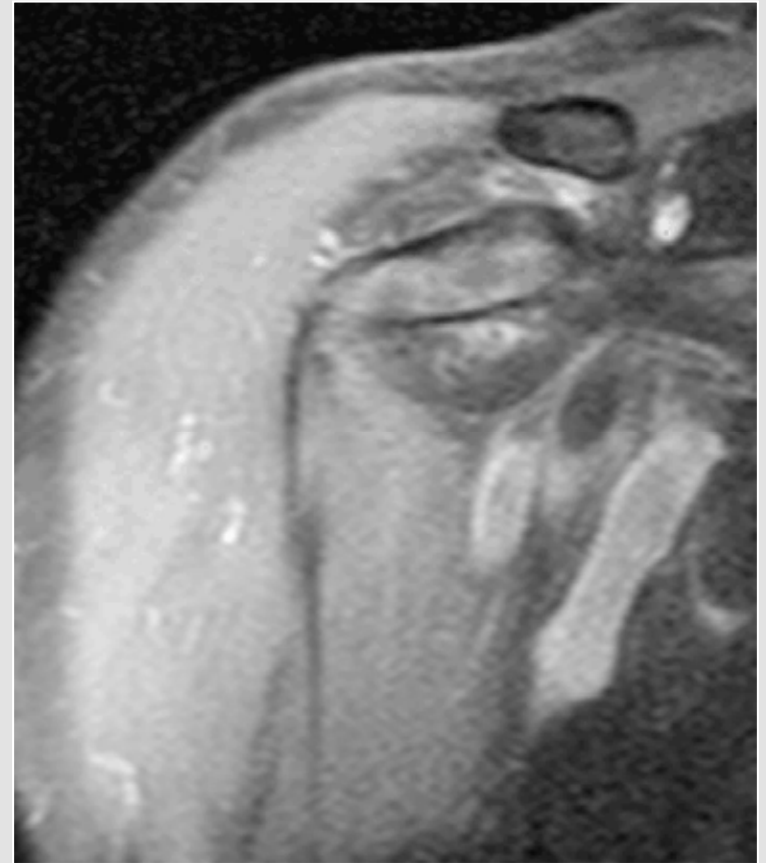
Subluxation lange Bizepssehne



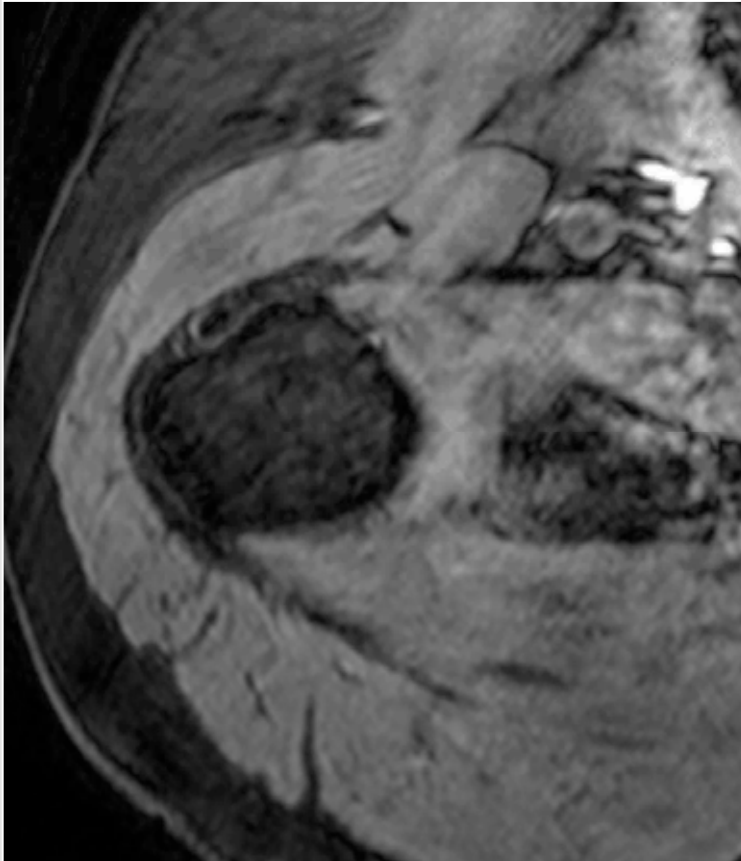
Bizepssehnenluxation



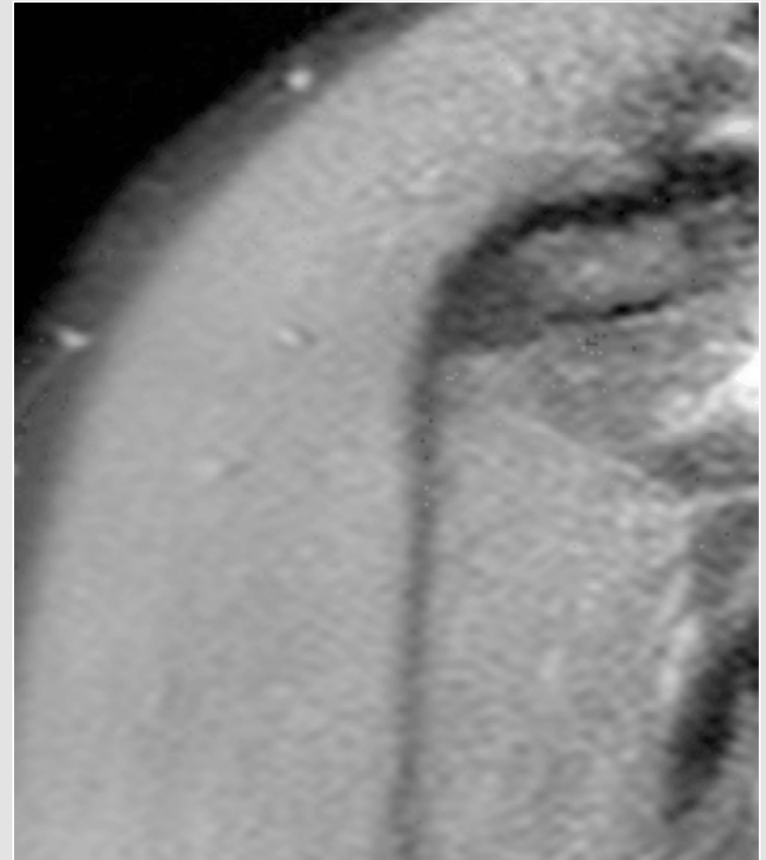
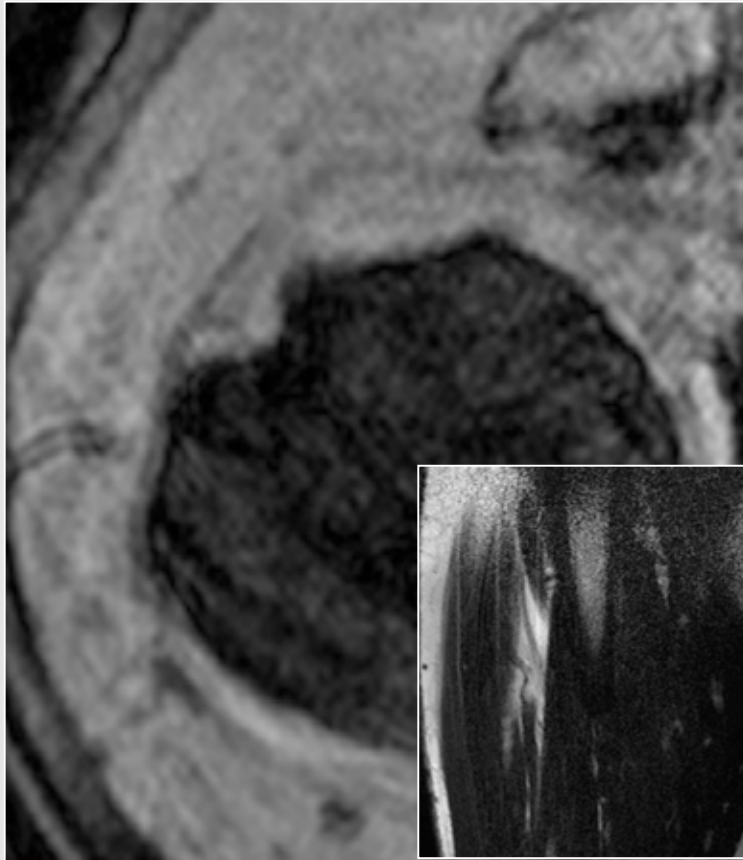
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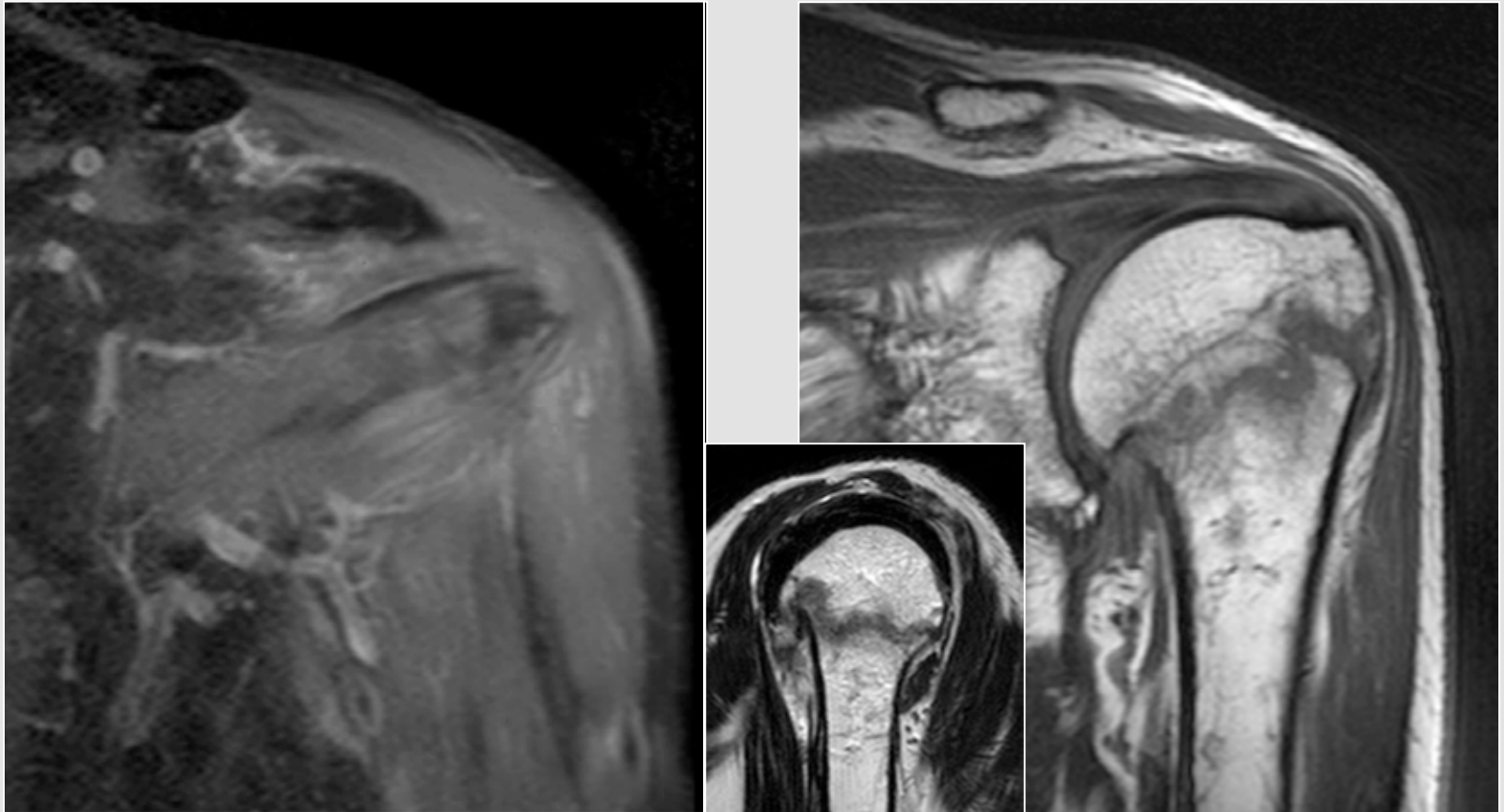
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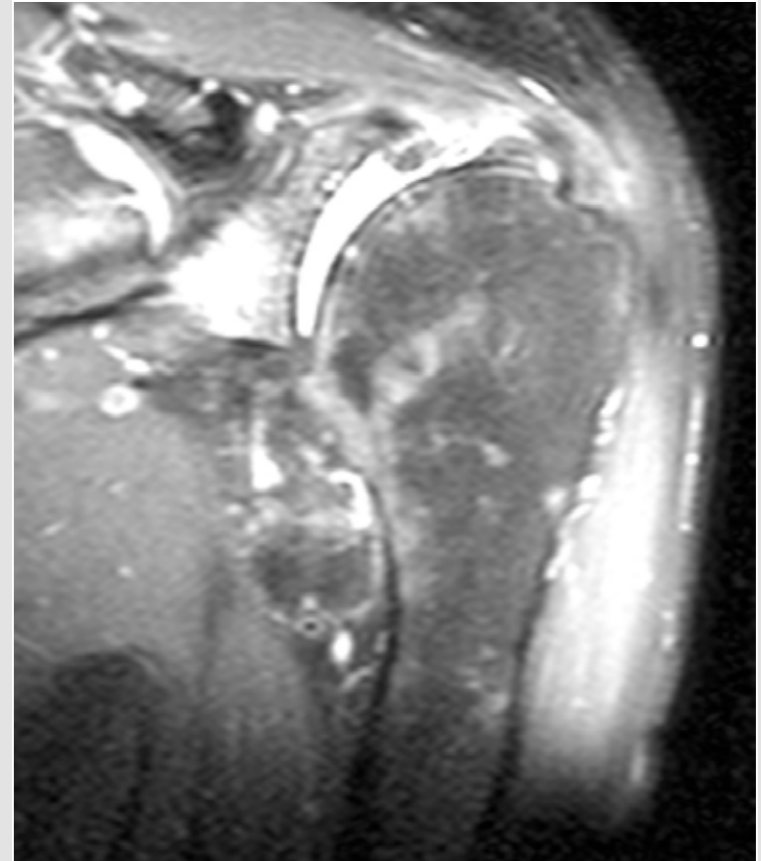
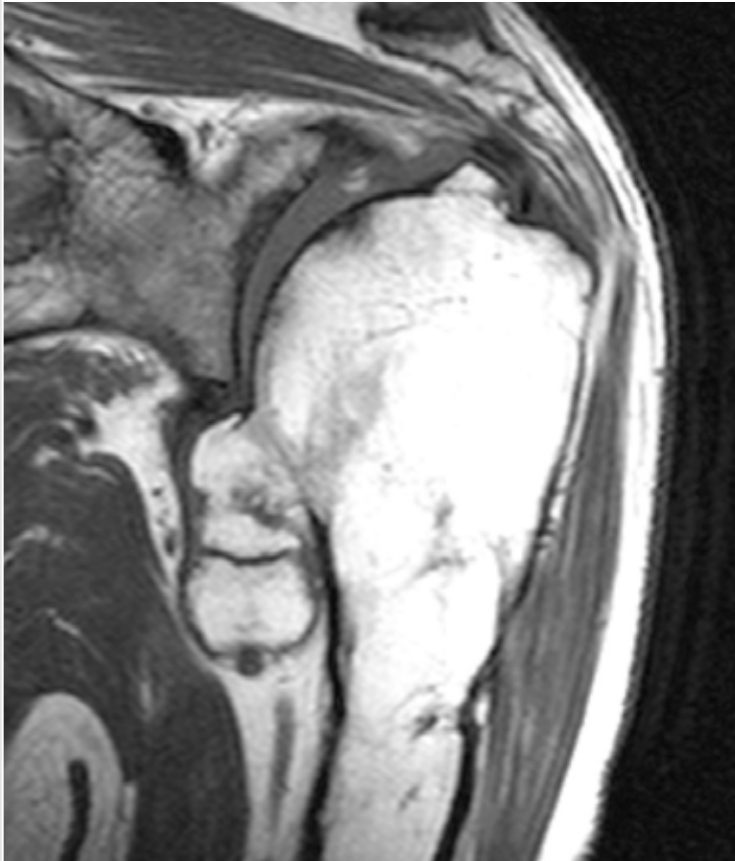
Bizepssehnenabriss



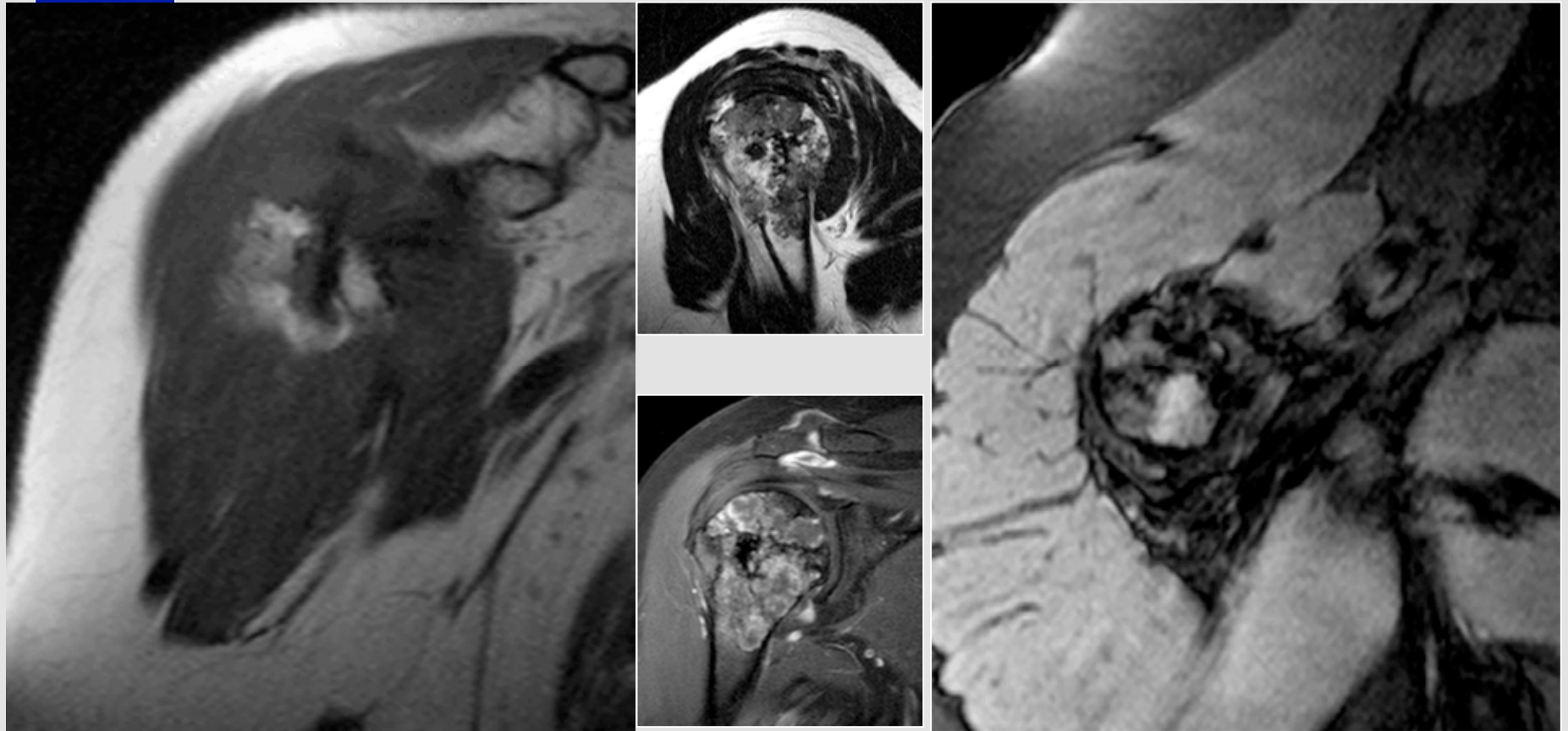
Subcapitale Humerusfraktur, radiol. okkult



Omarthrose nach Fraktur



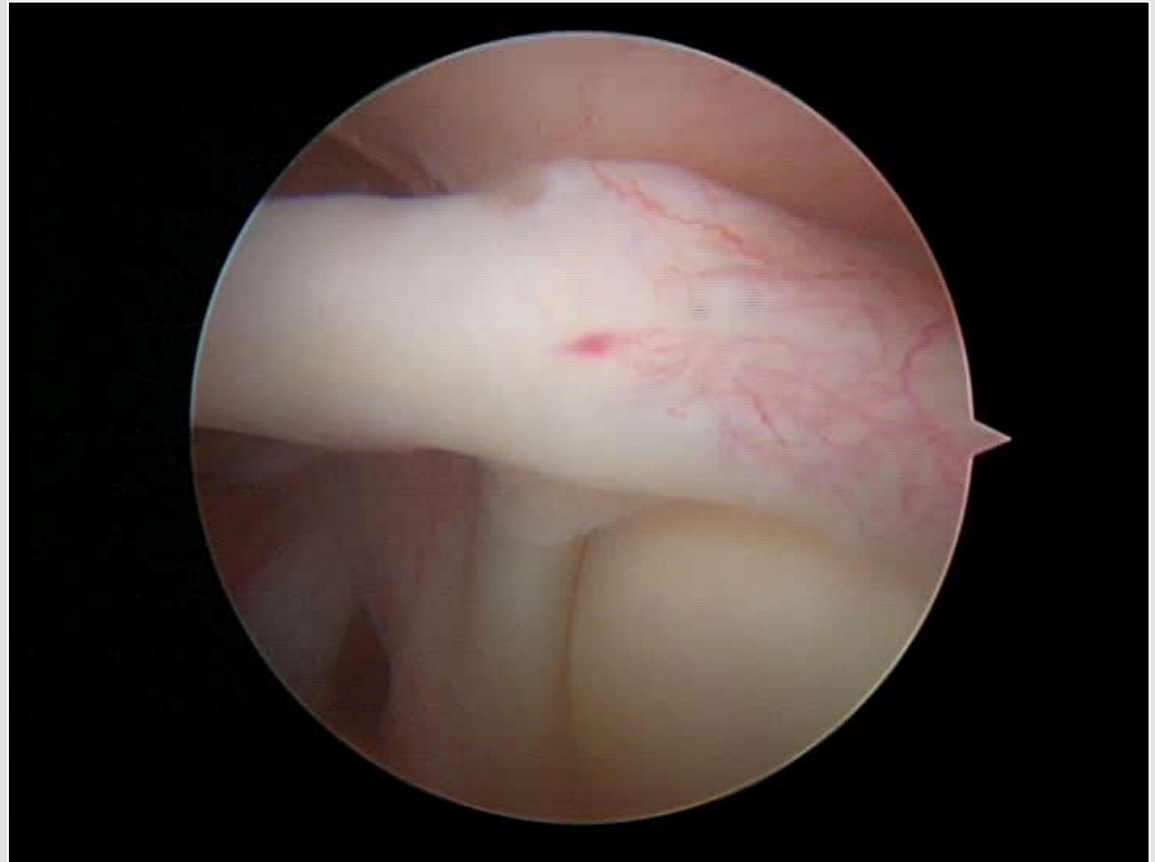
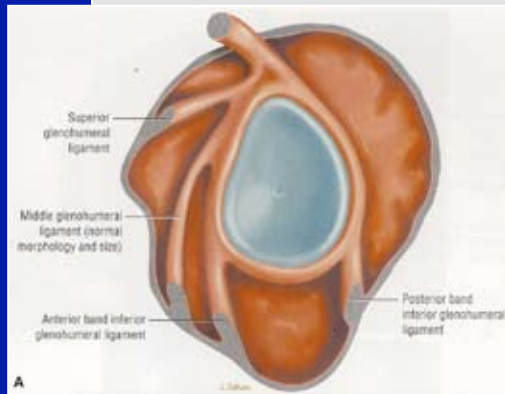
Metastase



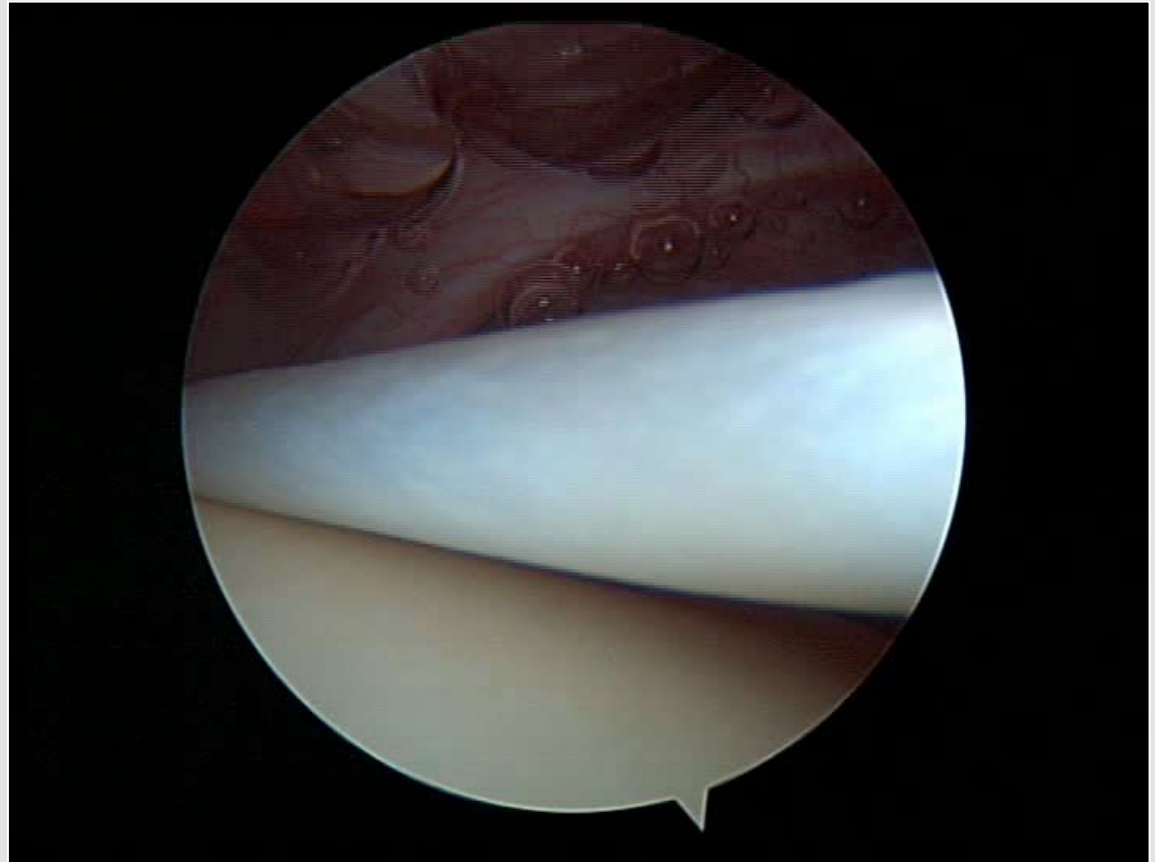
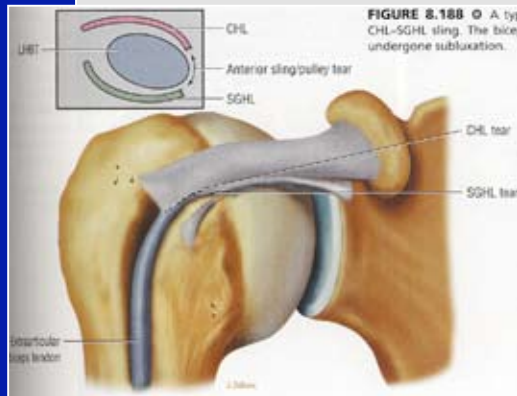
MRI meets Arthroscopy

**Oliver Greshake
Jonas Müller-Hübenthal**

Arthroskopie Einführung



Arthroskopie Pulley

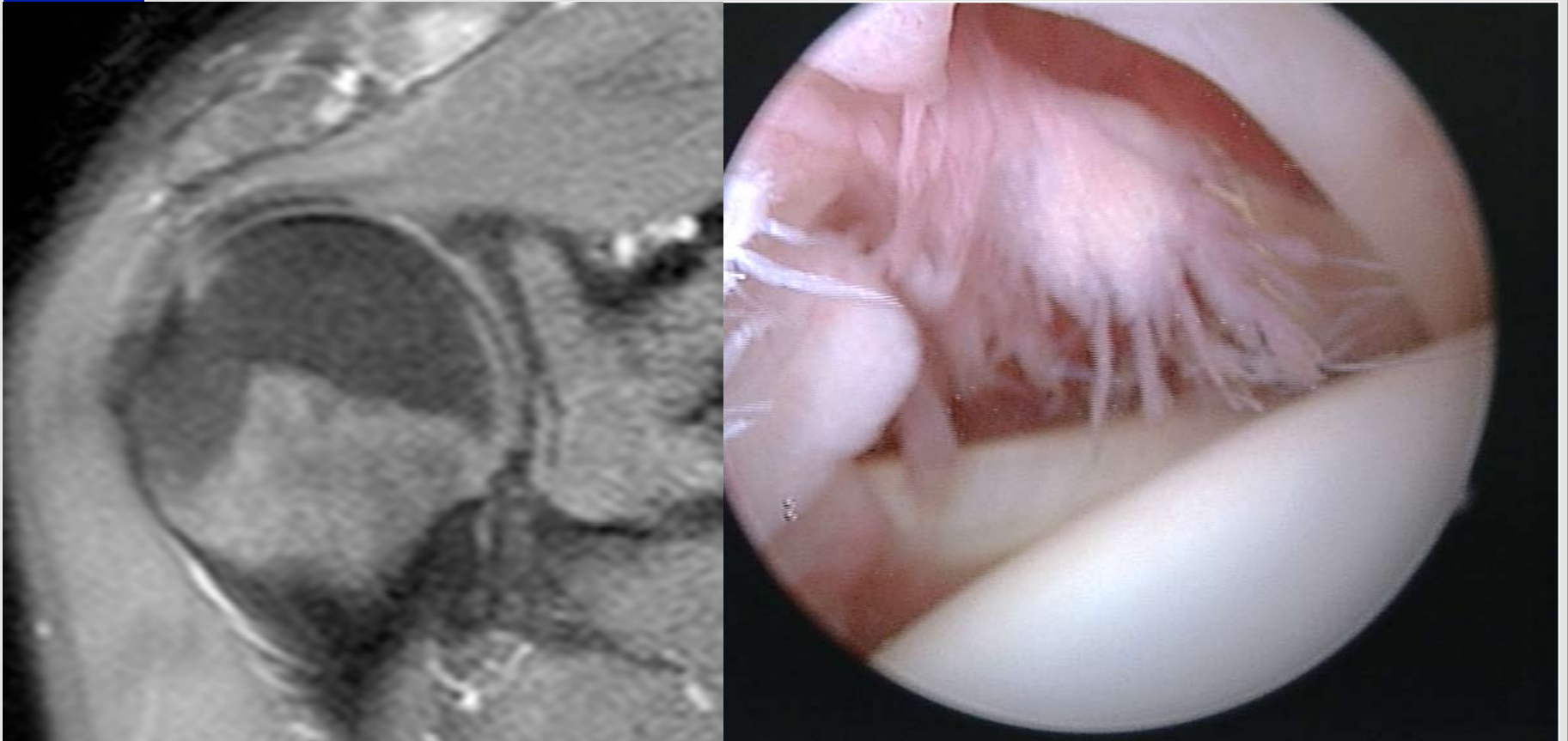


Arthroskopie Bare area



Fallbeispiele

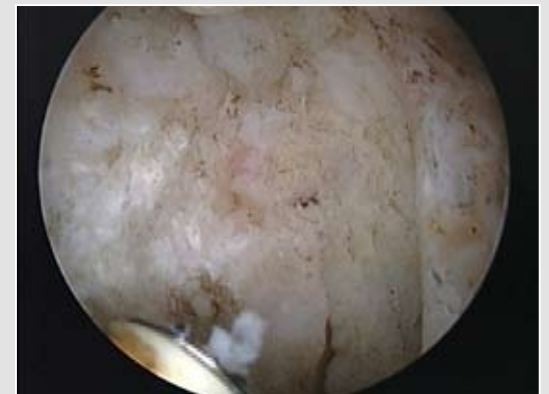
B., T., 30j, m.: Auffaserung SSS gelenkseitig



B., T., 30j, m



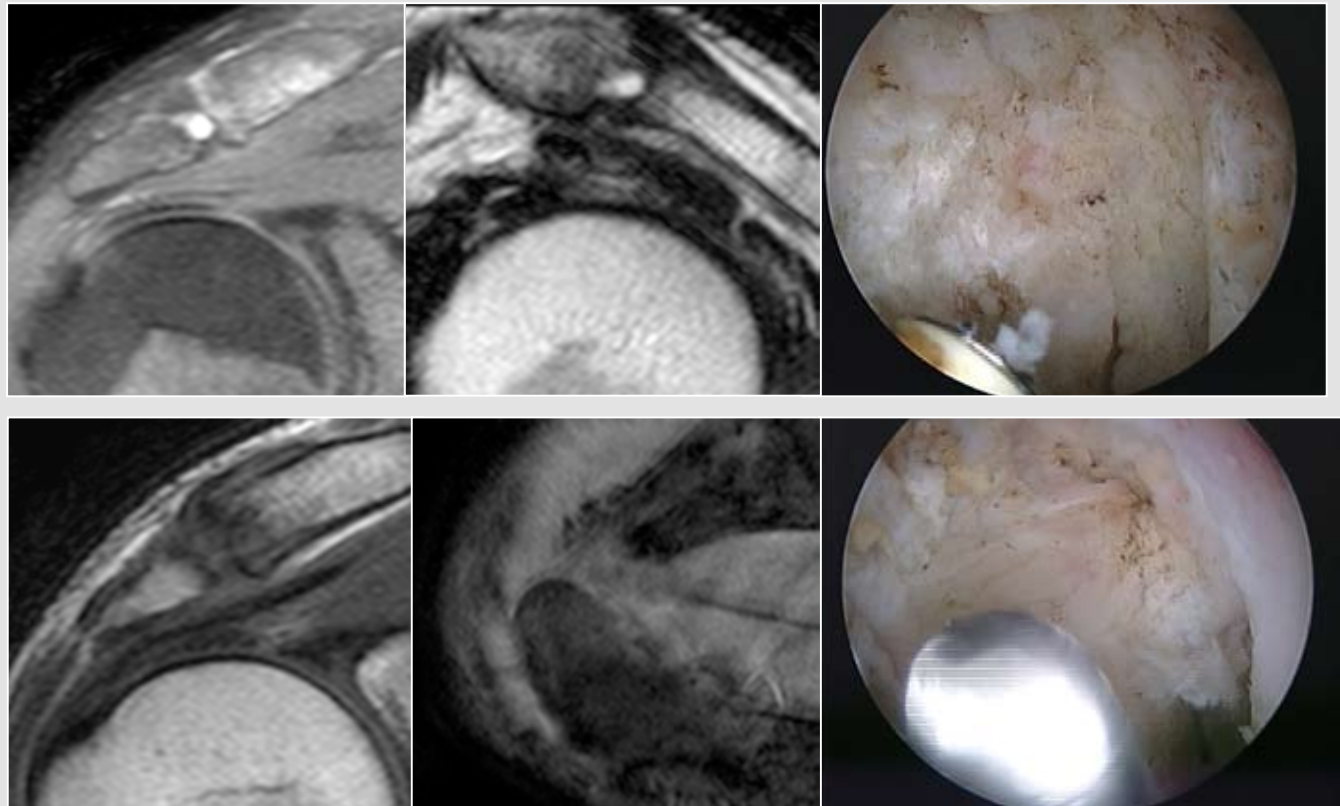
B., T., 30j, m



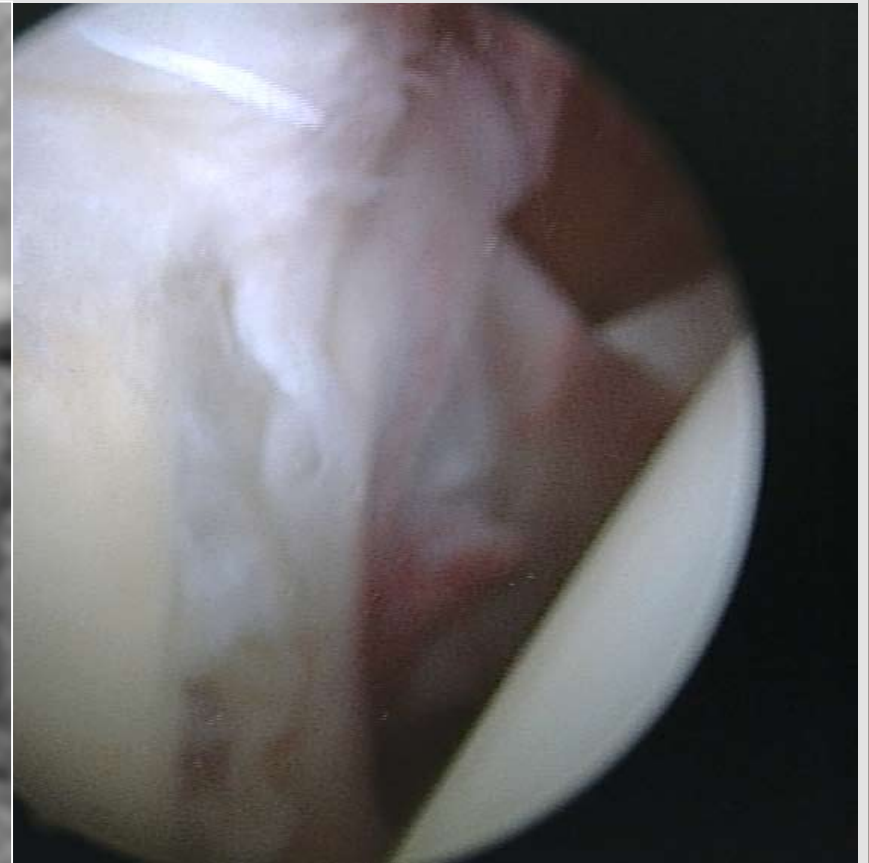
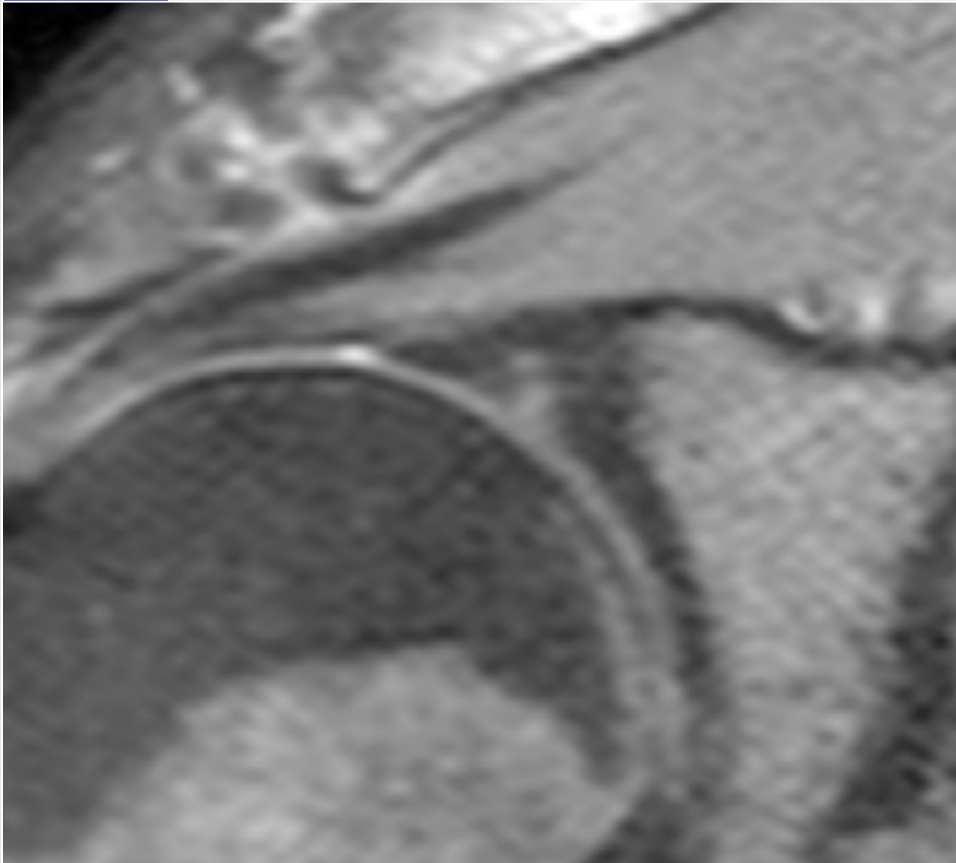
B., T., 30j, m.: AC-Gelenksarthrose



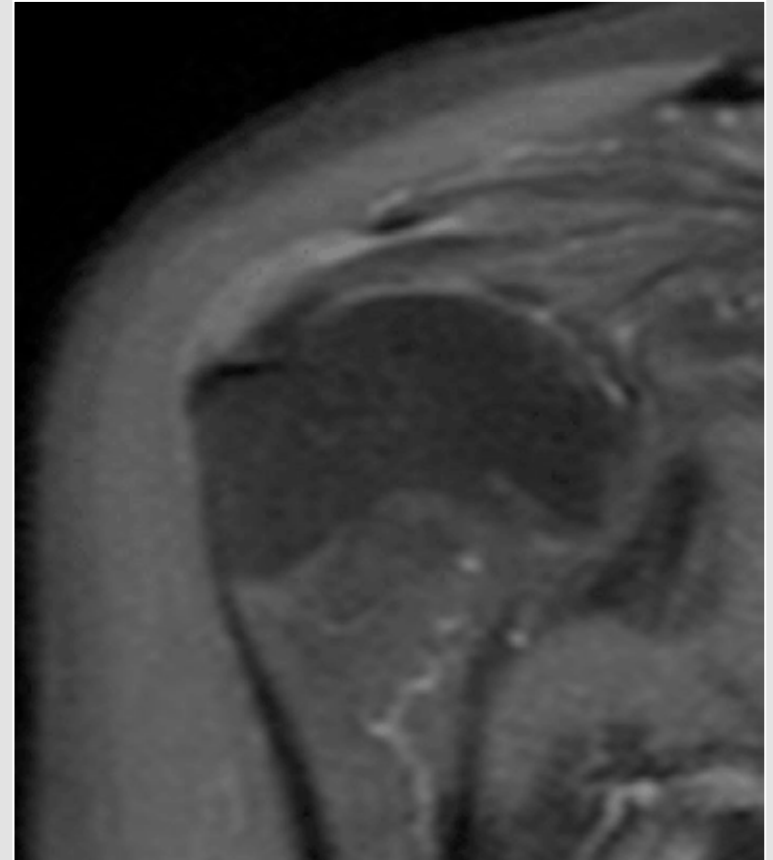
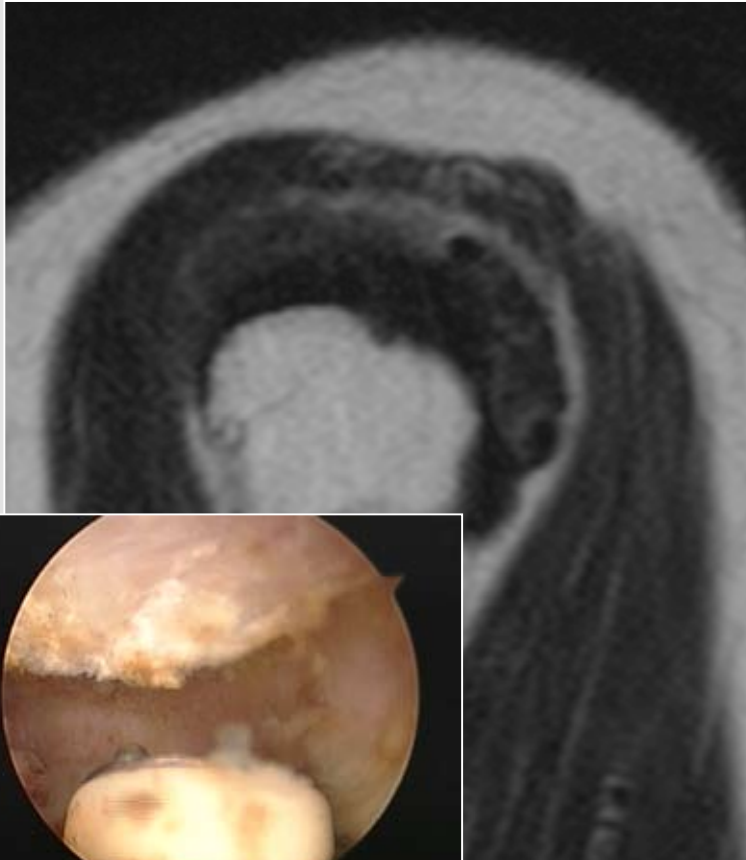
B., T., 30j, m.: AC-Gelenksarthrose



B., T., 30j, m.: SLAP I



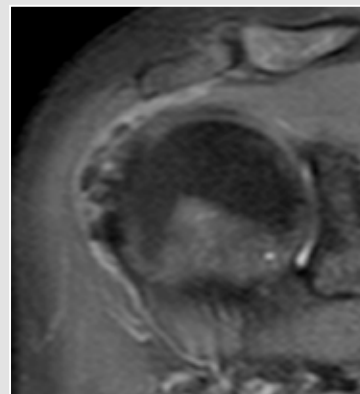
R., R. 55J, w. Tendinosis calcarea



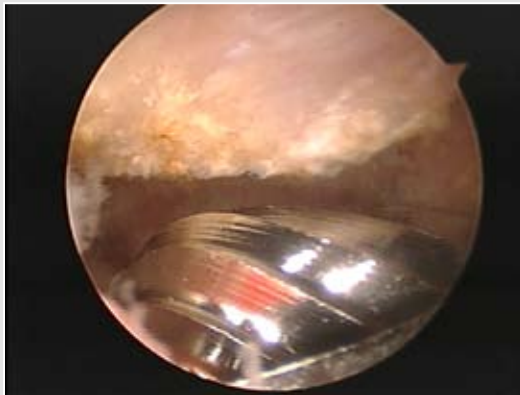
R., R., 55J, w.



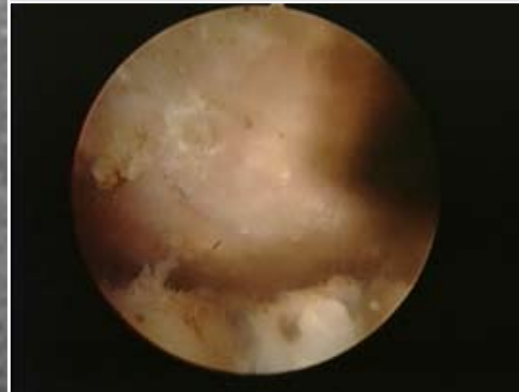
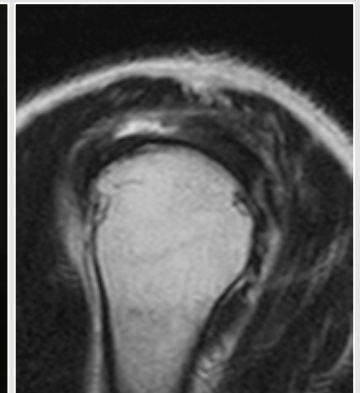
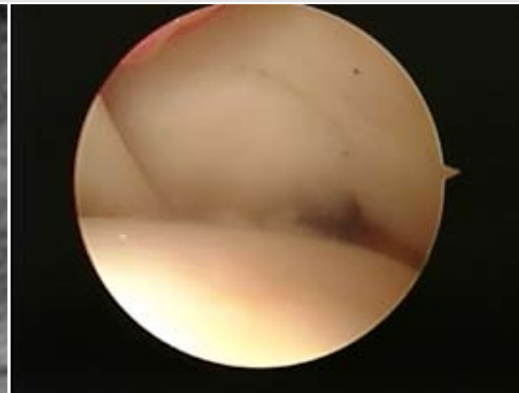
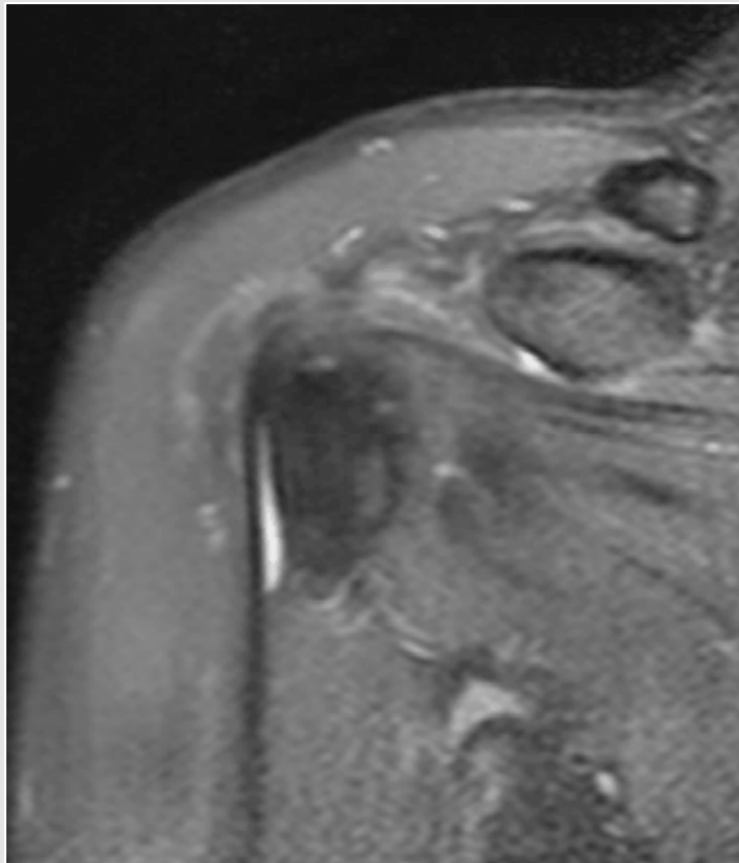
R., R., 55J, w.



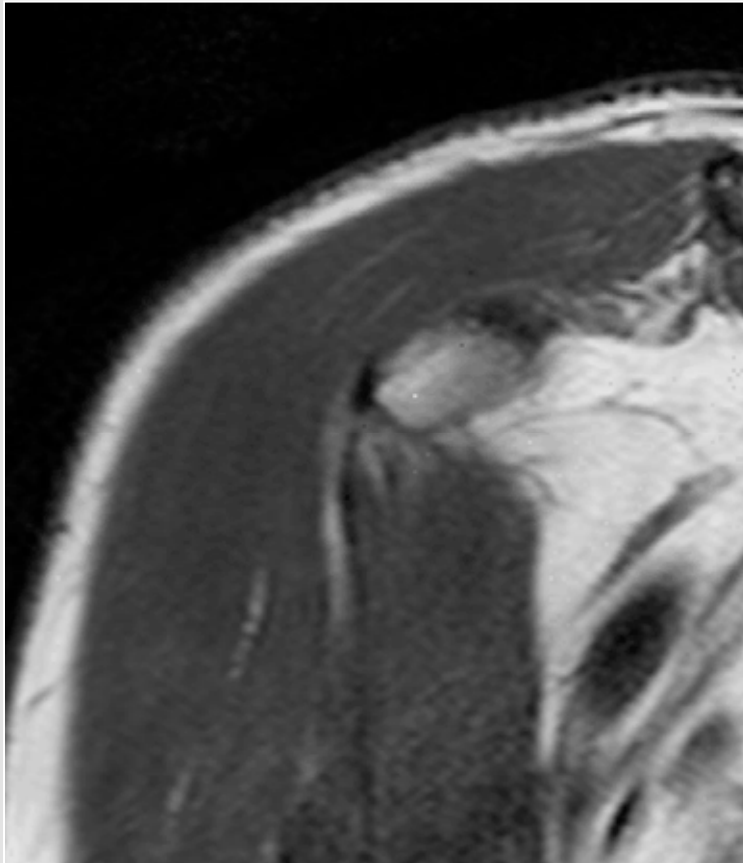
R., R., 55J, w



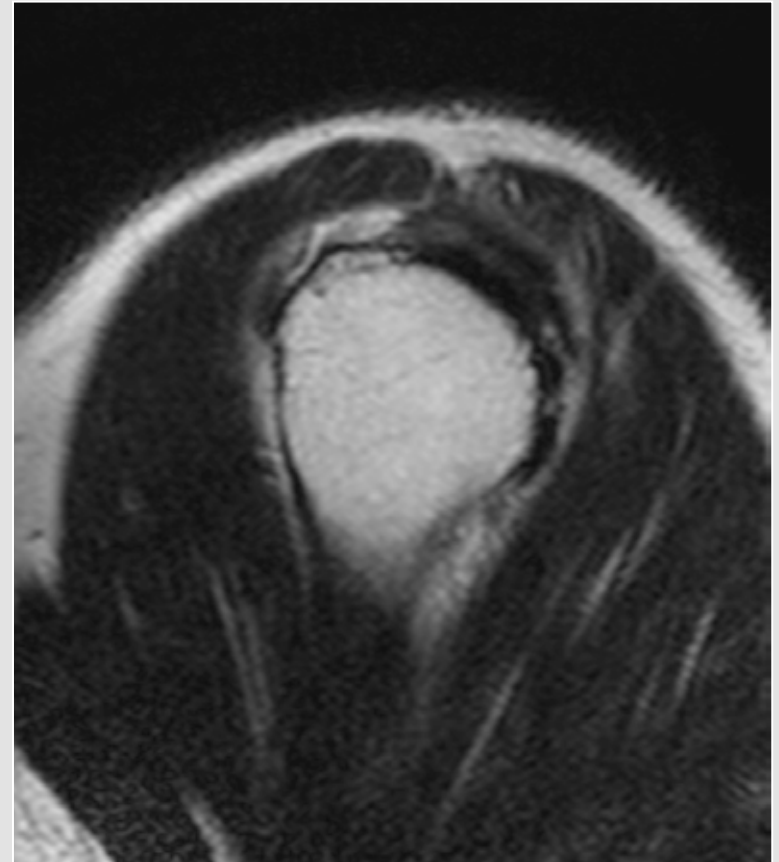
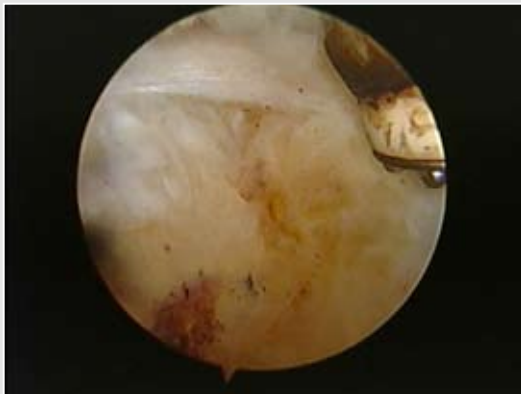
W., E. 71J, m SSS Ruptur



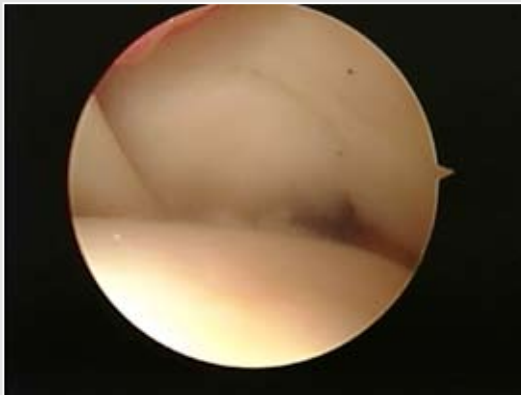
W., E. 71J, m SSS Ruptur



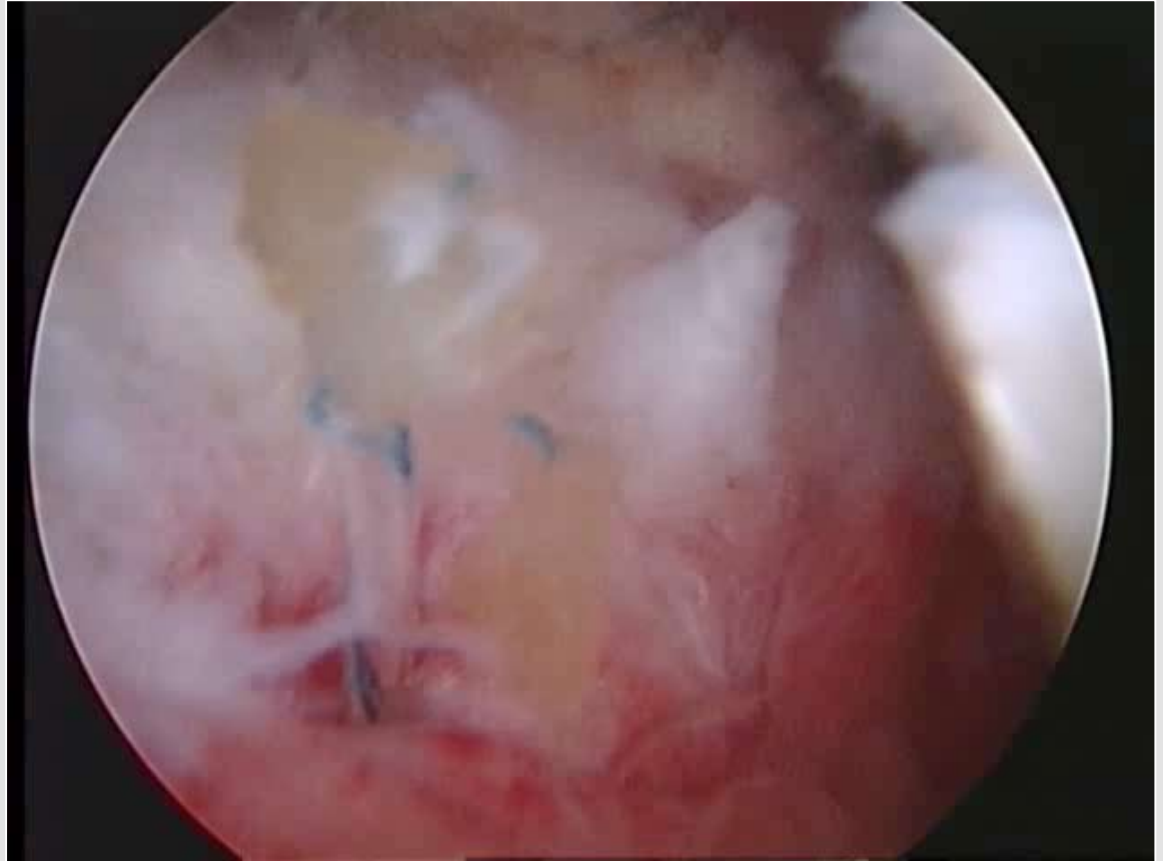
W.,E., 71, m



W., E. 71J, m Mobilisieren, Anfrischen, Brutzeln, Naht



W., E., 71J, m Abschluß



Vielen Dank für ihre Aufmerksamkeit!

**Oliver Greshake
Jonas Müller-Hübenthal**

R., R., 55J, w.



R., R., 55J, w



W., E., 71J, m

